ed at the Post-office at Berea, Ky., as second

Devoted to the Interests of the Mountain People

Knowledge is power-and the way to keep up with modera knowledge is to read a good newspaper.

Vol. XIV.

Five cente a copy.

BERBA, MADISON COUNTY, KENTUCKY, JUNE 26, 1913

One Dollar a year.

Governor Breaks with Tammany

Goy, Suizer of New York was hitter of the Slate. in his denunciation of Charles F. Mur- The above statement is flatly deniphy, the Tammany leader, in a re- ed by Murphy, who states that if cent interview with newspaper corres- any conspiracy has been formed to dispondents in Afbany, Murphy is accede credit the Governor, he knows nothed of being behind a conspiracy to ing of it; also that all of the other blocken the character of the tlover- nilegations made by the tlovernor nor, because he refused to do the concerning him are faise, and that leader's bidding against the interest he, the Governor, knows it,

The Citizen for You

Citizen, and now we are after YOHR subscription.

Day, and they have been tumbling thing about play, and a ltible issum In ever since. Prof. Montgomery, the first man the dollar a year. United States government and Berra things are seiling and help you get

Obilege to help the farmers of the the best price for things you hare mountains, has a letter for his farm- to sell. That is often worth more than er friends every week. That sione is a doliar a week. worth the cost of the paper.

worth the price of The Citizen.

tations to speak in half the States people. That is worth more than of the Union every year, promises a two cents a week. dozen letters to the readers of The Citizen this summer. That by itself in worth the subscription price

Everybody except you takes The | The children have rights. They icarn to read et rehooi and have too little good reading at home. Every A huadred and thirty-aix emiscrip- number of 'The Citizen has e contions were taken on Commencement tinued story, a short story, semefor them. Thet one thing is worth

started out in Kentucky by the The Market Reports tell you haw

The wife and mother has her hands Prof. f.ewis, the best institute con-fuli of work and her head fuli of ductor in the Stete, who knows the cares. The Citizen tells her how wants of home folks just as well to care for the sick, train the chilas teachers, expects to begin his dren, improve the food and ciothing articles soon. They aime will be of her household, and gives her n good story that rests her mind and Pres. Frost, who is refusing invi- gives her a wider acquaintance with

> Don't wait for an agent to cail. Send in your subscription by rual. the dollar a year.

Balkan Situation-Pres. Poincere to

Visit England-Reforms in Berlin.

VATICAN GARDEN TO BE EN-

Negotiations are going on between

the purchase of a pine wood lying in

HALKAN SITUATION

the Calkan situation shows pu sign

the Powers will succeed in forcing a

ENGLAND

France has chosen to make his first

official visit to England, ile was

expected to rench Spithead on Tues-

day, and will be the gnest of King

George until June 27th. Elaborate

preparations have been made to do

REFORMS IN HERLIN

WILLIAM J. CALHOUN

William J. Calhoun, who has retired

from the post of minister to China,

short enough not to drag, and so

raise the dust or accumulate mud; um-

breitas and sticks must not be swung

or carried crosswise; paper, remains

of fruit, cigars and cigarettes must not

be thrown into the street; persons

must not walk more than three n-

breast, or stop on the pavement for

any extended period; there must be

no whistling, singing, shricking,

shouting or loud taiking of any kind;

windows must be closed when music

is going on inside a building, and car-

men must not drive noisy loads of

metal or other material through the

streets.

predicts peacs for thet country.

in obcordance with the custom of

pencefui settiement.

Word is received from London that

LARGED

CALIFORNIA LETTER

t The Citizen is in receipt of an interesting letter from Mrs. A. H. Lee, Vaticen Gardens to ba Enlergedformerly Miss Margaret Adams of Beren, who now lives at itiverside, Cailfornia,

Mr. and Mrs. Lee are interested readers of The Citizen, eaving that it is worth meny ietters to them each week, and that they would not con- the Holy See and Prince Torionia for sent to do without it at ali.

They are fruit growers, and report the vicinity of the Vatican gardens. heavy loss on their orange crops, ow- The purchase of this wood will pering to last winter's cold weather, mit the Pope to enjoy a much larger Though pleased with their western area for his daily waiks. home, they confess to be sometimes homesick for Berea and Kentucky.

INTERESTING ARTICLE FOR THE FARMER

On page 7 appears two articles by Prof. Mentgomery, one of which tells | PRESIDENT POINCARE VISITS how to make corn grow in dry weathor. The suggestions contained in these articles are invainable to the farm- his predecessors, Pres. Poincare of

WHY TEACH AGRICULTURE?

An interesting article prepared by the State Department of Agriculture wiji be found on page 3 concerning the vniue of including the subject of Agriculture in the school curriculum.

A COMPARISON

We are this week publishing on page 3 extracte from an article which appears in the July number of the Ladies Home Journal, showing a strike ing comparison of the funds appropriated by the government nanually for the Department of Agriculture and for the Childrens' Rurenu.' Don't fail to read it.

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PAGE SEVEN Home Course in Scientific Agriculture.

How to Make Corn Grow. For Better Roads. Poultry Facts.

PAGE EIGHT Eastern Kentucky News. Markets.

DROPPING THE REINS

There will be found below a news item relative to the new work to which I have been called, so this is the last issue of The Citizen under my editorship and management.

I took charge of the paper for the issue following Commence. ment 1910, and have therefore been at the belm for three years and three issues. This is the opportune time for me to drop the reins, rather than three weeks earlier, owing to the fact that The Citizen year or volume closes with the last issue in June, this being the end of the fourteeuth year.

For any failures I have made no excuses now can make amenda, and, as to my successes, I shall let the record speak; so I need not say more than that the three years have been conscientionaly speut; and, that being the case, no tears of regret are called for. Glancing at the platform aunounced when I took charge, I think I can say that " I have kept the faith."

One thing more should be said: There were many pleasures connected with the work that I dld not autleipate and many of the difficulties that I expected did not meterialize, so that it is with regret that I sever the many pleasant relations. I leave with the best interest of the paper and all its renders et heart, and esk for the new management the splendid co-operation and consideration that have been given me. The Citizen will go forward in its chosen and noble work. Next week begins a new year and new volume, the fifteenth, and due announcements of the coming management will

YOUR CHILD AND THE PUBLIC SCHOOL

The state expends a large amount of money in maintaining a public school.

The purpose is to give to every child a good start in education. This purpose is defeated if the child does not attend the school, It is a hard thing to say, but in many instances children are deprived of their inheritance by their own parenta.

The public schools are to open on a rule the first week in July. You are a parent. Will your child be ready to attend the first day? Will your plans be made so that he can be there promptly every day

Let us consider a bit. The good that the child gels at school depends upon the spirit with which he starts. If his parents give him the idea that the school is of little importance, he will go in a bulfhearted way and never get the good he might.

Moreover, if he misses a day, or a half hour, it is a loss that can never be made up. It is just like missing one hill when you are planting corn. That spot will be unproductive. Or rather, it is worse than missing a hill when planting corn. It is like dropping a stitch in knitting a stocking. That one dropped slitch will cause a great deal more

Remember this -- a child can learn faster than a man, while a child can earn very little. It is a cruel waste to spoil a child'a learniug when it is at its best for the aake of his earning which can only be pitiful and small.

Mr. Faulkner's New Work

Frankfort News Item

The Tuberculosis Commission fast | tion for its appearance in these Thursday engaged the services of various towns, Mr. Roy French, the Mr. James P. Faulkner, of Berea, to Secretary of the Commission, will take charge of the traveling exhibit be with the car for the first two of improvement, aithough it is still on. Mr. Faulkner has had n wide exbelieved to the European capitals that perience in jecturing on henith topics, mission will also accompany the car particularly tuberculosis, in the south- for a few days each. the car next week.

The Exhibit Car will be opened to months in each place, it will be

o'clock tiii 9 o'clock. The following interesting regulations many of the small intermediate stops munities, which she serves. of the ear, is now making prepara- various parts of the state.

THE SUMMER SCOURGE.

discose

With filth

eastern part of the state, and has The Commission has decided to enmore recently been the editor of the gage the services of a visiting nurse Berea Citizen. He will take charge of to be sent to various cities and connties of the state, for one or more the public for the first time at South task of the nurse to discover the Louisville, Tuesday, June 24th, at existing conditions, point the way noon, and will remain in South Louis- to relieve them, and organize in each vitie for three days. Open from 12 community an association or league, o'clock tili 6 o'clock, and from 7:30 to retain the services of a resident nurse permanently. The salary of From South Louisville it will pro- the one nurse will be paid by the cood toward Itardstown, Springfield, Commission, but her fiving expenses Lehnnon and Bettysburg, visiting must be borno by the various comhave been passed recently in the city for a day, They car will then proceed to Commission is anxious to receive reof Berlin: Women's dresses must be the southeast corner of the state quests for her cervices from respon-Mr. E. R. Sapp, the Advance Agent sible individuals, or organizations, ! 1

***************** ONE FLY IS MORE DAN-**GEROUS THAN A**

SNAKE.

Dr. Heury Skinner, lecturing at the Academy of Natural Sciences in New York, nverred that he would rather have a rattlesnuke in his kitchen than one common houseffy. Few householders will agree with this statement. Doubtless it was made to emphasize the intensity of the speaker's abhorrence of the huzzing pest which will soon begin to dispense his exquisite torments in dwelling rooms unless means are adopted to repei the winged

The torture, however, is the least of woes The perils our eyes do not see are immeasurably greater than the sting that irritates the nervee and spolle the temper.

Flies thrive upon garbage. Every trace of refuse should be promptly removed from the neighborhood of a dwelling and seraps of food burned or disposed of otherwise than by standing them in some pull. The flith so caught up and transferred by the flies le n source of gruve danger and a prolific cause of sickness. Nobody would endure the sight of the busy fly did he renlize what its flitting really imports. The cry during lute years has gone abroad, "Swet the fly." To a large extent this wise counsel has been heeded. Itut now is the time to watch for the hatching of these small yet persistent euemies. Careful attention paid to the maxims of cleanliness will elike minister to the comfort of the household and subdue a unisance which is one of the drawbacks of the summer season. The housefly should have no encouragement.

Pres. Wilson's Second Message To Congress

President Wijson went to the House | rency system the country needs, and of Representatives last Friday and that it will immediately need "t personally read his address to both more than ever," said Prea. Wilson, houses of Congress assembled in joint address was an appeni to every memher of the House and Senate to lay now at whatevor sacrifice to ourselves, aside personal considerations and even Although the occasion was shorn of sacrifice comfort if necessary to se- some of the novelty that attended cure at once a revision and reform of his first appearance, the vigor and the nation's handing system. "It is strength of his: short message held perfectly clear that it is our duty to the rigid attention of his large audsupply the new banking and cur-lience.

"Shali we hasten to change our session, urging immediate action by tariff lavs and then las laggards Congress to revise the banking and about making it possible and early for currency laws that husiness may Lo the country to take advantage of the aided in meeting tariff revision. The change? There can be only one answer to that question. We must act

UNITED STATES NEWS IN OUR OWN STATE

vanca In Prices-Prison Reforms-Serious Accident-Charges Ageinst Soldiers-Battle on Free Sugar.

MAY LOSE HIS JOB Owing to recent reports of the disposition of workmen to resent the authority of Coi, Geo, W. Goethais, as chief enginese and supreme execuof Goethal's intended visit to the United States will be a consulation with Pres. Wijson, in which the President will determine whether it is the part of wisdom to continue the commission of Goethnls, made by President Rooseveit and mnintained by President Taft.

It is the opinion of Coi. Goethals tiint he wiii be ahie to send a ship thru the Panana Canai before Dec. 31st. '

ICE FAMINE

As a result of a strike of ice wagon drivers and engineers of lee plants in Cincinnati, the city has heed suffering for ice during the excessively hot weather Appeals were made hy the mayor to Lexington, Colum-Continued on Page Five

ALEXANDER M. DOCKERY



One of the odd characters of the administration is Alexander Monroe Dockery, third essistant postmaster general, who comes from Missouri. It is seld he alweys wears high boots, his het is cocked at a rakish engle and nearly always he has a helf smoked elger between his teeth. Mr. Bilicants have even the questions is Dockery served 18 years in congress and was governor of Miseouri.

Pension Act Constitutional-Model Found-Baptists Hold Meeting-Severe Drouth-Development of Coei Fields-Questions Stolen-Webb Law Not Violated-Powers to

PENSION ACT CONSTITUTIONAL Ont June 20th the Court of Appeals tive of the Panami. Canai Commission, of Kentucky declared the Confederit is believed that an important part | nte pension act of 1912 constitutional on the ground that the Confederate soldiers who fought for the principles of State sovereignty rendered a service to their respective states as much as did the soidlers of the Federal army.

Six hundred cialms have been allowed, and 3,000 are pending, awaiting the action of the Pension Board. MODEL FOUND

Mr. George Grey Barnard, one of the foremost scuiptors in the United States, who has been searching in the Kentucky mountains for a model for a statue of Lincoin, believes that he has found a man who has ail of the necessary quniffications for the modal. The statue is to be placed in one of the Cincinnati parks, and will he dedicated in June, 1914.

BAPTISTS HOLD MEETING The annual assembly of the Kentucky Baptists will take place in Georgetown, beginning June 30th and lasting thru July 4th. Many prominent speakers will appear.

SEVERE DROUTH

Western Kentucky has been suffering from a aevere drouth which threatens to greatly reduce the crops. In many sections there has been no rain for several neeks.

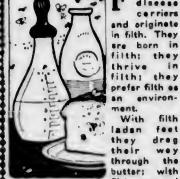
DEVELOPMENT OF COAL FIELDS The Elkhorn Tuel Co., recently orinized in Balthnore, has purchased 300,000 acres of rich coal lands in Letcher County, and proposes to expend over \$40,000,000 in the development of the property. A contract has been awarded for the erection of buildings, among them churches, school houses, Y. M. C. A. huildings, and hospitais. it is expected that three cities, centers of the contindustry, will be built in this vicinity.

QUESTIONS STOLEN An investigation is being made by

Superintendent of Public Instruction Hamiett of Frankfort, iu an attempt to discover how the examination questions prepared for the State teachers' examination came into the possession of one of the applicants for a certificate liow many other apnot known. Continued on Page Five

behind OLIVER No. 2 Cultivator and you will be surprised and delighted at the ease with which you can handle it. It's built that way--built light, but strong and rigid, and braced in a way that means service and long life. And then, it's so easily adjustable, you can suit it to the requirements of your work in no time at all. It has many good points, it's an Oliver. Walk over our way and look this cultivator over. You will be more than pleased.

CHRISMAN "The Furniture Man"



butter; with flith covered wings they flounder in the milk; with filthy bedies they succumb in the elrup. From sewer and elleyway. menure pile end dead cat, they gather disease. Thie, too, they bring into the butter, the milk and the sirup. And thus human beings die, victims of the neisome, dirty, disgusting little in-

One female fly leye about 120 perfect eggs. These agge hetch in ten deye. It may be essumed that they result in etxty perfact females. These females ley 120 sage each. The agge hetch in ten days and result in 3,600 perfect females. The 3,600 ley 120 egge each, which hatch in ten deys end result in 210,000 fe-meles, end ee on. If therefore one energetic fly becomes pro-ductive an April 15, how meny anergetic files will one menura pile giva forth by Oct. 317 Kill

The Citizen

A family newspapar for all that is right, true and interacting.

Published every Thurwlay at Berea, Ky

BEREA PUBLISHING CO. (Incorporated)

J. P. Faulksar, Editar and Managar.

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ere motified.

Liberal tarms given 10 any who obtain new aubscriptions for us. Any one sending 16 four yearty subscriptions can receive The Citizen free for himself for one year.

Advertising rates on application.



KRNTUCKY PRIMS ASSOCIATION.

STOCK SPECULATION AND MORALS. in the money trust investigation Mr. F. K. Sturgis, former president of the New York Stock Exchange, was on the stand. ile was questioned as to

"washed sales" and "matched orders." It may be briefly explained that these are Wall street terms descriptive of crooked practices used to create a fictitious activity in certain stocks. The object is to make the dear public -the "lambs"-buy.

When asked as to whether or not be approved these practices Mr. Sturgis

I approve of transactions that pay their proper commissions and are property transacted. You are asking me a moral question, and I am giving you a Stock Exchange answer.

Frank, to say the least! Also cynical!

By implication it admits that morals have nothing to do with the Stock Exchange.

Some of ns suspected as nruch before. Now we have it from one on the Inside.

This should be a warning to every one who harbors even a dream of ever gambling in stocks.

Avoid it as you would any other sbell game or confidence bunko. in the expressive innguage of the

street, it is not on the level. Wall street only thrives on the poor innocents of whom it is said that "one

is born every minute." The whole play is to "fleece the

iambs." Don't be one of the fleeced.

The cynical answer of this former Stock Exchange head reveals much. It is easy to imagine brokers imbued by the same spirit taking the money of poor dupes and then inughing in their sleeves at the number of suckers in the world.

There are several ways to stop stock gambling. It should be done by law. But in the absence of law there is auother way:

That is for the public to stop patronizing it.

Don't play another man's game, especially if you have good reason to believe that he uses crooked methods.

Not only are the chances all ngainst you, but it is a moral certainty that you will be beaten in the end.

Stock gambling is a flame, and the people that flutter about it are moths that get their wings singed. Don't be a moth.

THE DIVINITY OF THE COMMON LIFE.

There are various kinds of suobbery, but one of the worst is that which affects to despise common things.

Abraham Lincoln, who had not a shred of the suob in his makeup, once said, "The Lord must love the commou people; he made so many of

On its face that appears a witticism. Look deeper and you may see in it a profound philosophy.

That which is most common is most universal, and that which is most universal is most divine.

Think it over. Not only so, but that which is most common is often most beautiful.

What is tunre lovely than the rose, the grass, the trees, the sky, the sea or

the stars? They are all common.

l'oe once said that the greatest poems are those built about the homely emotions-the love of man and maid, of mother and child, of country, of God, of home. Yet these emotions are

common. Some one else has said that genius consists in the ability to express what a portion of the feels. This is but given by the feels. This is but given by the feels. everybody else feels. This is but giving voice to what is common to all

шеп. The greatest things in me are not my peculiarities, but the things I have in common with my fellows, the fullness with which I give utterance to these are worth? things, the points of contact I have

Benjamin Franklin was at home in the farmer's cubin, the scientist's intoorntory, the legislative half and the king's paince. Hie had points of con-

tact with nil. The greatest men are ao. They possess common faculties raised to the 1th

power. This is geuins. The bighest kind of sense is common sense. It is the essence of the experience and wisdom of all ages.

The man who beholds the divinity of common life suddenly sees the mirscle and beauty of God's good green world.

FACT AND FANCY.

A miser is known by the money he keeps.

A fool and his rich wife are soon parted.

A whnie's skin is in some places two feet thick.

While you count the thorns,

the rose is withering. A good reputation is as hard

to gain as it's easy to lose. Never run yourself down. That's your friend's joh.

Besides the silkworm there are 200 other silk-producing insects.

Anta' eggs, spread like caviars on bread, are a Siamese delicacy "I never say a perfectiv beautifui woman," saya Picnhia, the painter. "Who has:"

SAID BY THE CYNIC

The fellow who blows his own horn is always a solois'

Charity hegins at home, even when the home doesn't need it.

Betting is a fool's argument, but we don't renlize it until we lose

Many n woman regards a husband simply as a secessary audience.

Even the continual changing of one's mind is apt to wear it out.

Any man will get along pretty well if he keeps his heart warm and his head cool.

The man who succeeds must be composed of equal parts of backbone and cheek.

The people who are quick to take offense leave no difficulty in finding a plentiful supply.

We can get used to anything. The longer a man is married the less he seems to mind it.

A woman's husband doesn't so often come up to her ideal as her ideal comes down to him.

Teil a woman that distance lends enchantment to the view and she will at once become distant.

Some men are more sensitive to the touch than others, as many a chronic borrower bas discovered.

MRS. JAMES FIELDER



Mrs. Fielder, wifa of the new gover nor of New Jarsey, is a handsome, accomplished and popular woman.

Reader, that your abilities are coining all they

with all manner and conditions of men. Why not do a little "Situation Wanted" ad? The possibilities are worth the small expense.

Patriotic Advise to the Young

the height of its "sky-scrappers," the press, has come nuother perilthe miles of its steel railroads, the the peril of lawiessness. roar of its factories and foundties and Young America needs to learn mean strength.

an accompanying peril. It may be tions like the Boy Scouts and Campcalled the peril of "self-will," Fire thirds and demonstrating how Strength is a Cangerous gift, if a much fun can no bail in necordance boy or a citizen bas it without with strict rules and regulatious, baying with it good principles of honbut to submit curselves to the ro. is seenred wealth, quirements of duty. Our greatness at serves but on how much ran we do for the rest of the world.

As one thinks of the United States, Another of our nation's glories is perhaps the first thing that impress- its freedom, it costs a great deal; it no itself upon he mind is its great is a priceless treasure. Yet with this strength. The stretch of its prairies, possession of freedom, freedom from the depth of its forests, the brendth the dominion of other powers, freeof its fields, the size of its cities, dom of assetubly, and speech, and of

printing-pressee, all these things again the joys of obedience. It is not necessary to break rules and With this glory of strength romes, laws to have a good time, Organiza-Another glory is our wealth; and

or and kindness, he is dangerons. So its accompanying perii is our gread. a great and strong nation needs to it must be restrained and conquered. learn humility along with its giory The rightn of the tollers must be of strength. We must recognize that recognized. We must come to see the business of life is not to have and feel that wealth mined from our own way or seek our own glory, privations and travail of our fellows ing bome. I sat down by the side of of Stephen the first martyr. As ha

We have many added giorles; we a uation will depend ultimately have many other perils. But these not ou how much we can get for our | will give us food for thought on indopendence Day,-The Christian Her-

*************** THE LIFE OF THE FLY.



oom mon! houses. But one of these is the housefly proper sa This is a medlum sized with its mouth parts spread the top for aucking up iquid sub

stences, Because of the conformation of its mouth the housefly cannot hite. In the minds of most persons, however, no impression is stronger than that the housefly does occasionally hite. This impression is due to the rather frequent presence in houses of another fly. This, the so called "stable fly," closely resembles the house-Its mouth parts are formed for piercing skin. Virtually ell flies breed in horse manure, cow menure and warm, decaying vegetable matter, including old

straw and grass. The fly begins life as an egg. It passes through the larval maggot. It passes then through the pupel stage, emerging as the periods of development are altout as follows: Eggs from deposition to hatching, one-third of a day; hatching of larvae to first molt, one day; first to second molt, one day; second melt to pupation, threa days; pupation to issuing of adult, five days; total life round, ap-

proximately ten days.

The eggs are always isid on some organio matter, on which the larvee or maggots may fead after hatching. Horse manure is the favorite breeding place for the fly. *****************

A DEADLY MENACE AND PUBLIC SENTIMENT.

The presance of files is a disgrace to any community. It is all right to engage in crusades to kill the beasts, but it is far better to look to it that the breeding pinces are abottshed. Files breed chiefly in stable manure, street dirt and garbage. The presence of a large number of files around any one

pince is a sure sign of fifth being somewhere in the vicinity.

When people come to resilze that flies arean fith and fith means criminni negligence a degree of disgrace will attach to the presence of files sround s store, restnurant, sodn fountain or residence that will sectiously impair the prestige of the offender in the community.

The flies are quite the most dangerous and dirtiest beasts that roam through our mysterious creation.-El Paso Herald.

***************** A FLY CATECHISM.

Whera is the fly horn? In manure and other filth.
Where does the fly live? In

all kinds of filth. He carries filth on his feet and wings. Where does the fly go when ha leaves the manure piles and the spittoon? He goes into the kitchen, the dining room and

the store. What does the fly do there? He walks on the bread and vegetables, bathes in the milk and wipes his feet in the butter. What diseases does the fly carry? Typhoid fever, diarrheal diseases diphiherie, scarlet fever

How can the fly be prevented? By destroying all the filth about your premises. Screen the privy vault, cover the manure hin, burn all waste metter, destroy your garbage, screen your house. Either men must kill the fly or the fly will kill man.

PREVENT THE FLY. *****

How to Prevent Breeding.

If you have a stable do not allow manure to accumulate. The manure should be removed twice n day to s closed pit and should be removed from this twice u week fo not tolerate manure piles.

Green vitriol, one pound in a gnilon of water, applied once a day will kill the maggets in the manure from a one borso stable.

If the old fashioned dug outhouse is used it should be thoroughly treated st frequent intervals with chloride of

Garbage cans should be closely covered, or, better, should have a fly trap sttached to the cover in such a way that sil flies flying upward from the garbage will be sure to enter the trup.

Men show their character in nothing more clearly than by what they think laughable.-Goetbe.

2.291.49

4,000.00

OWSLEY COUNTY

Report of the condition of the Owsley County Deposit Bank, doing business at the town of Booneville, County of Owsley, State of Kentucky, at the close of business on the 4th day of June, 1913! RESOURCES

Overdrafts, secured and unsecured.....

Bills Payable.....

18,114.41 4,937 20 Banking House, Furniture and Fixtures..... TOTAL\$124,702.26 LIABILITIES Capital Stock, paid in, in cash..... \$ 25,000.00 Undivided Profits, less expenses and taxes paid 284.43 Deposits subject to check\$58,504.95

STATE OF KENTUCKY | Set.

County of Ownley. We, G. M. Hogg, T. C. Fuller Vice-Presideht and Cashier of the above named Bank, do solemnlyd swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.

G. M. Hoon, Vice President. T. C. FULLER, Cashier.

Correct -- Attest: G. M. Hogg, T. C. Fuller, Chas. Eversole, Directors. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 18th day of June, 1913. My Commission Expires February 26, 1916. Charles Hogg, Notary Public.



Conducted by the Netional Woman's Phiristian Temperance Union.

SHOULD TELL WHOLE STORY

Newspaper Reporters Ought to Give Brand and Maker of Whisky Reeponsible for Brutal Crimss.

in Naw York city recently a man ninrdered bis twelve-year-old daughter and wounded his wife. We quote from his confession as printed in the Evening Mail's scocuut of the tragedy:

"I came home about midnight. I had had several drinks before commy wife's hed. . . Then my traces the bistory of continued ac-wife woke up. . . She rsn into the hall. As she did so I fired ona shot at her. She fell in a heap in the hall. I thought I had killed ber. Turning back into the hedroom, i saw a movement underneath the hedciuthes. ity this time i was in a terrible temper and i fired three shots into the heddlothes without looking to make sure who was there.

We wish we could bring shout a state where no newspaper or reporter, in a case like this, would consider his story complete until he had found out the hrand of whisky that the murderer drank, and got the name and photograph of the maker of it. There are a good many sad things about our civilization, but few more discouraging than the fact that men who make whisky and use all the arts of trade to stimulate its consumption are sbie, by virtue of their money, to escape the odlum which attaches to sil others, like gambiers and panders, who stimulate crime and profit by exploiting human weakness -Collier's

We sgree with Collier's that tha reporter should in such cases tell the hrand of whisky which caused the crime, and give the name and photograph of its maker. Itut the story ts not complete even then Let It bo told who it is that makes possible the liquor manufacturer and the figuor seller; who it is that says to the whisky-maker, "Go ahead-you may produce any hrand you choose provided you pay well for the privtiege" i.et every voting eitizen put to himself the question, "Who is responsible for crimes committed by drink crazed men?" itappy is he who can truthfully say, "Not 1!"

THEY NEVER SAW DRUNKARD

Only One Child in Crowd of Two Thousand at Sunday School Rally Ever Saw Intoxicated Man

There was a great Sunday school rally in Maine a while ago, said Mrs. Antoinette A. ilawiey, editor of the W. C. T. U. paper of the state of Colorado, and two thousand children looked into the face of a man who asked "How many of you ever saw a drunken man?" Only one child raised his hand Why? Recause in March 109 years ago. Neal Dow was born. A bank director, identified with large corporations and a conspicuous helper of his fellow men; a general in the army that served the Union; a Quaker, too, which belped mightly, for Quakers are bred to stand up for what they believe-back and forth he went over the state in his little cutter, wrapped in fur, a hot soapstone at his feet, and the flame of a highty enthusiasm in his heart; back and forth he went, "sowing," as he said, "the state knee deep with literature," hut better than that, sowing it heart deep with his own incarnated convictions.

And lo, the harvest! A state redeemed; 1,999 children out of a hunch of 2,000 who never saw a drunkard; a state clenn from saloon signs and open traps for their young feet.

WORKING ON ANOTHER TACK

in Endsavor to Reform Drinking Man Temparanca People Now Trying to Throttis Liquor Traffic.

Formerly temperance workers, says Professor itoss of the University of Wisconsin, devoted their efforts to an endeavor to persusde a uisn not to drink, in the hope of reforming him. Nowsdays we see that the thing to do 133.94 is to throttie the liquor traffic. accomplishing this latter, and far more difficult and dangerous task, we are aure your sin will find you out." performing for society a "once for all" service which will have hundreds and thousands of boys and girls from the temptations and alluraments of the liquor evil. While we recognize that the rescue missions of our cities are doing a work the value of which is immeasurable, we must magnify that his heart to tenderness and love in his necessity for the "once for all" service dealings with his brothers. Evan as which shall render unnecessary a larga part of this form of endeavor.

Lasva Liquor Alons. The brewer can ride in a coach and pair.
The drinker must irudge on the road,
One gate through the world with a jaunty

air.
The other bends under a load.
The brewer gets money and friends, my lads,
While the drinker's left peor and slone;
If you'd have your share of good things, take care And isava the liquor alone.

cohol to be incarnate death.

Incarnate Death. The value of alcohol as a preservaproperty. Science hes proclaimed al-

INTERNATIONAL **SUNDAY SCHO**

thy E. O. BELLERIS, Director of Evening Department, The Moody Bible Instituts, Chicago.)

LESSON FOR JUNE 29

THE VICTORIES OF FAITH.

READING LESSON-Acts 7:9-16; Heb. 11:20-22.
GDLDEN TEXT—"This is the victory that hath overcome the world, even our feith." I John 6.4.

The reading lessons for today are a New Testament commentary upon the past quarter's work. The first lesson. is taken from that marvelous defense traces the bistory of the people of: tivities and purposes from the hour hecailed Ahraham until the holy one of israel came to fill to their fulness all of these same activities and purposes, Stephen also shows us that slongside. God's activities was the equally persistent disobedience of the people which culminated in the betrayal and murder of that holy one. In the portion selected he sets before us how Joseph is sold into Egypt, yet God waswith bim and delivered bim; how the familie came and Jacob ia thereby brought into Egypt only later to be carried back into the land of promise.

Tsach Faith. The second lasson is taken from that great catalogue of beroes as recorded in the Epistle to the liebrews. ilere we have sat before us the fact that God's elernal purpose with man is ever that of faith. Isaac, Jacob and Joseph are bere mentioned and the faith of each set before us.

Leaving out the Easter lesson we have covered a period of about 50 years, eight lessons dealing with Joseph, and four with Jacob.

Attention has been called to Joseph as one of the most remarkable types of Christ to be found in the Old Testament (see comments on lesson of April 27). As we have also suggested Jscob is not so grand a charscter as Abraham yet is much more like the average man.

it is interesting to go over these

lessons and follow God's purposes and to observe how like Christ Joseph was. in LESSON i. we hehold Jacob at the instigation of his mother deceiving his poor old father and heing compelled to fiv that be might save his life. Itebekah thought she could execute God's purposes; hut it is never right to do evil that good may result.

In LESSON II. Jehovah appeared before this conscience smitten refugee and again promised thn he blessing. yea, bia own divine purpose, would be worked out in Jacob's life. This is a lesson on the grace of God.

LESSON III. seta Jacob before ua after twenty-one years' service and separation from his brother Esau. This is a great lesson on God's desire and transforming power. ilo transforms Jacob to israel a "prince" and softened the heart of Eanu. Faith overcame and is strengthened and confirmed.

in LESSON IV, we first behold Joseph particularly loved and favored and as hitterly hated; he was thrown into a pit to die but is taken up (typical of the resurrection) and sold into slavery. The development of envy and the persistent, delivering purpose of God are bere presented in strong contrast.

LESSON V. shows Joseph'a entering that dark maze beyond which God was to highly exait bim. ily falth ba overcame that flerce temptation and his treatment of his fellow prisoner was God's useful agency though it seemed accidental and insignificant.

God's Continued Purposa. LESSON Vi. is the compistion of Lesson V. and in it we see Jossph seated in the place of power, able to save the country and also his breth-LESSON VII. shows ua God's con-

tinued purpose and the beginning of the fultiliment of his word that the descendants of Abraham were to dwell in captivity (Gen. 15:13). LESSON VIII. Is a continuation of Joseph's dealings with his brothers in

which their guilty consciences are

still further pricked and God reveels to us his immutable purpose. LESSON IX. Is a tender one of the meeting of Joseph and itenjamin while at the same time it suggests to us the certainty of the fact that we may "he less covered by his forgiving blood our

sln is mercilessly upon our track. in LESSON X. we hehold Joseph made known to his bretbren and those in fear are urged to draw near. Josepb'a faith in God saved blun from arrogance and retaliation and inclined Joseph revealed himself to his brothers so will Christ reveal himself,

Jeseph's provision for his fathers and bis brethren, LESSON XL, is a ricb suggestion of our father's bounty and care for all who ara "in Christ Jesus." ily faith Joseph who had become great in a strange land, identified with all of its power and splendor makes provision that when God's purpose shall be executed and the sons of israel shall be dallvered from Egypt, bis bones shall be carried into the land of the people to whom he helonged and from whom he has av tive is due solely to its life-destroying long been separated. Faith is the secret of victory. Joseph as a type teaches us the lesson of faith.

Three Faithful Women Who Came to Mourn Heard That First Easter Sermon.

On the dark day of the crucifixion surely Joseph of Arimathea was the bravest, as well as the most loyal, man to be found in all Judeal Defying not only the prejudices of the synagog, but the suspicions of Caesar's troops, he gave Jesus of Nazareth in death what he had so seldom known In life—a piace to lay his head. For Mary Magdalene and the other Mary, we may take it, that the Sabbath succeeding the murder on Cavalry had been one of inmentation, rather than of worship, for we read that they were weeping slill when, at the rising of the oun on the next day, they, with Saiome, made the first pligrimage to the Holy Sepuicher, not to find, as do the pligrims of today, priest and kneeling choir engaged in the performance of funeral masses, while the air is isdea. with perfume from swinging censers, but white-robed visitants from snother world. The spices and precious ointment carried by the women were not sweeter than the roses and lilles of Joseph's garden in that early morning stillness. A million times or more since it had been pinced in the beavens had the aun risen above the hills of Judea, but never before had it looked upon so wonderful a sight as a tomb deserted by its occupant of his own

Great Conqueror Conquered.

it had shone upon uncursed Eden; it had seen earth drowned in the waters of the flood; it had looked upon Egypt when the creator was doing battie there for the delivery of Isrnel; but never until now had it seen death's victim rise up to conquer the great conqueror. "Who will roll away the stone?" the women had asked among themselves, knowing that the removal of the sealed barrier was a task too great for woman's strength. itut the stone had the earthquake of the night just cassed seted as the servant of the angels?-was not in its place, and the watchers, equipped with spear and sword, were trembling, for they had a strange story to take to their ofticers, and who could say how, at that time, a tate of the supernatural would be received? How could they admit that armed men, who had fought the harhartane in other provinces of Caesar's empire, had retreated before those swordless strangers at the sepulcher? It was not only to remove the guarded stones that these visitants had come, but to send by the women a message of hope to the nine disciples who had forsaken their master and fled, and the two who load followed afar off the prisoner in the hands of a pagan troop. And we may be assured that the rising sun glowed more hrightly and the shadows of earth's darkest day fied farther into the distance when this message was spoken:

"tio your way; tell his disciples and l'eter that he goeth before you into Galilee, as he said unto you."

And the sun, now rises higher, sent his heams into the place where the dead had been and the living was not, and the women, with their eves now dried through terror of the supernatural, saw that it was useless to seek any longer the living among the dead. They had listened to the first Easter eermon, and they departed to give the message, and then ponder upon it in

Our Chief Buninenn.

Let it be remembered that the greatest concern to men is the salvation of men. The revival is what we have been all these years working for and praying for. In not a few instances God's blessings have wonderfully rested upon some of our charges. Many souls have been born lato the kingdom of God, and the church generally revived. We hope that there will yet be a great revival in every church-in the heart of every person of every church of every charge of our conference. Let there be much prayer-much agonizing of spirit. The Lord is gracious and anxious that there shall be a great outpouring of his spirit upon his people.—Southern Christian Advocate.

Appreciation of Blessings. We are in danger of getting so

get too used to God's love, to the comstupefying our senses when it is so. We should aim to cultivate the same freshness of appreciation of our came .- Rev. S. D. Gordon.

Let Lova Swesten Service.

We need to watch against a "grudging service." The enemy is aiways trying to get in the word "duty," instead of the word "delight;" he says a stern "you must," Instead of a loving "you may." There is no slavery like the slavery of love, but its chains are sweet. It knows nothing of "nacrifice" no matter what may he given up. It delights to do the will of the heloved one.—Smith.

Noble Ideal.

Just to be good, to keep life pure from degrading elementa, to make it constantly helpful in little ways to those who are touched by it, to keep one's spirits always sweet and avoid ail maaner of petty anger and irritahility—that is an ideal as noble as it is difficult.-Edward Howard tirigga,

AT THE OPEN TOMB SUGGESTIONS BY STATE EDITORS

How Kentucky Schools May Be Improved.

eatlen Rethar Than Instruction-importance of Electing Good Officials.

> Why Not? [From the Louisville Times.]

The awakened and more intelligent; tinuity of reform be made the more taiking with some of its officials. certain by permitting a second term to the superlutendent of public instruc- tho Editor proceeded to an office tion? Allowing for the time necessary building in a rather out-of-the-way ter Farms." for him to sinke down in his office and become at home with the routine, how, Children's Bureau, with Miss Jul'a Bables. in the brief space left, may be hope to shape and perfect plans that shall Is it not essential that if those plans government hureau; she secured her the Children's Bureau was created?" meet puldic approval and support they be given every widest opportunity to prove their worth by results?

The suggestion is worth consideration. There is much to be said for it and something, no doubt, on the other alde. Itut, at tirst glance, we are free to state that it "listens" well.

Our Slogen-"Education is an inventmant; ignorance is a tax."

[From the Husself Democrat.] Herein lies the importance of education. We should educate rather than instruct, because it is far more important to cultivate the mimi than to store, the memory, and instruction is only a part of education. Studies are a means aud not an end.

Children are by nature eager for information. They are always putting questions, and this ought to be encouraged. Their lustincts may be trusted. to a great extent, and in that case they will do much to educate themselves.

|From the Shelby Record.]

If our children are to improve at school there are two things their parents should benr in mind. There should be a progressive, energetic county school superintendent, and the school trustees must take interest in their work and do their very best to get the best results possible in their respective districts. There are not two more important officers in the county than that of superlatendent and trustee. Benr this in mind when you are called on to elect them and vote for those who are qualitled to fill these pisces.

|From the Herry Citizen | Physiology, hygiene and other fea-

tures perbeluing to sanitation should him of the school at this place and taught regularly each week. In order that these subjects may be properly handled the four physicians of Herry should be placed in charge. Each one of them would be willing to give an honr of his time each week to the achool as an instructor upon sanitary or byglene science. The mere teaching of physiology, while it may interest somewhat and tickle the fancy of many of the children, does not protect one against toperculosis, typhoid fever and other infectious diseases. These subjects would not be too difficult to teach, and either of our physiclans could make them understandable, interesting and valuable.

BANKERS OFFER PRIZES FOR CORN GROWING CLUBS.

Georgetown Men Will Dispensa With Calendar Advertising to Carry Out Plan.

Calendar advertising will be dispensed with by the bankers of Georgetown used to things that we do not realize this year, says the Louisville Heraki. their worth. It is bad for a man to and the money usually spent along that live will be given by the bankers in forts of home, and the hiessings of prizes to the Boys' Corn throwing club health. It is a hit of the hurt of sin of Scott county. Commissioner of Agri riculture Newman recently received a communication from the bankers of blessings as when these hiessiags had been declied upon at a meeting of

given in prizes.

This seems to be a same and sensible thing to do. Culeudar advertising brings inadequate returns for the mouey invested. The banks of this state are spending \$30,000 or \$40,000 annually for calendars, and except is rare cases this is a "dend" expense. It was all right years ago when banks first began to use this medium of advertising, but now practically every business house in every lown passes out calendars to its customers. The merchant, the miller, the butcher, hlacksmith and others make a bid for trade in this way. As a result the bank's customers have more calendars than they know what lo do with and for that reason none of them are properly appreclated. We venture the sasertion that the lead of the Georgetown bankers will be followed by the baukers all over the state.

A Striking Contrast

\$17,000,000 for Better Farms-\$30,000 for Better Babies.

paign for "Better Itabies," publish a cal influence. the following in its July number:

interest in all that pertains to educa. Companion on a recent visit to Wash. Pureau is about \$30,000 a year. 1) tion in the commonwealth suggests an lagton spent a most interesting morn-ducting salaries and rent, this leaves inquiry in some quarters. Why not, ing in the inspection of some branches something over \$3,000 a year for they ask, so contrive as that a con., of the Agricultuma Department and is supplies, postage, printing, and the

> "From the Agricultural Department portant bureau. part of the city where is located the C. Lathrop in charge, Miss Lathrop is

The Woman's Home Companion, appointment thru her efficiency and which is carrying on a great cam- carnestness rather than thru politi-

"As the chief of this bureau, Miss "Uncle Sam spends money pretty Lathrop is supposed to 'investigate wisely on the whole. The appropria- and report on all matters pertaining tion for the Department of Agricul- to the welfare of children and child ture, which amounts to about \$17,- life, and especially to questions of 000,000, is not one cent too large. it infant mortality, the birth rate, is building up the material prosper- orphanage, juvenile courts, child TO EXTEND TERM IN OFFICE. is building up the material prosper- orphanage, juvenile courts, child ity of our most important class of desertion, dangerous occupations, accitizens; it brings comfort and happl- cidents and diseases of children, ness and education and ideals to employment, and legislation aff ct-Superintandent of Public instruction the door of the American farmer; it ing children in the several states." Should Have Mora Tima to Carry distributes information of incalcui- Miss Lathrop's salary is \$5,000 a Out Raforms-Aim Should Ba Edu- able value, expensive to acquire and year; she has fourteen carefulty s idisseminate; it gives a marvelous ected assistants, chiefly college gradumail service; in fact, it provides the ates, whose salaries aggregate nearly farmer with friendly and efficient \$20,000 a year; for the rent of her ald in every branch of his business. office she is ail wed \$2,000 a year, "The Editor of the Woman's Home The appropriation for the thildren's various expenses incident to nit im-

Seventeen Millions a year for Bet-

"Thirty Thousand a year for Bett T

"la this giving Miss Lathrop a chance have time to blossom and bear fruit? the only woman at the head of a to accomplish the purpose for which

Teaching Agriculture

(From the Henderson Journal.)

E notice by the dispatches that agriculture is to be thught in the rurst schools of Kentucky-

It doesn't interfere too much with the curriculum the reguinr course in the school.

If that's the way they feel about it all right. But we hereby cast our vote in favor of teaching agriculture in the rurni

schools.

If it DOES interfere with the curriculum in the schools.

If the curriculum of the schools hadn't been interfered with a good many times in the past the clock would have been stopped for fifty years. There have been two separate and distinct schools of thought in the ar-

rangement of the public school curriculum. There has been the faction which seemed determined to crain the juvenile mind full of any old information that was useless, and the less value to the pupil when he stepped out into the world the more of it they tried to eram into him. it has been done largely under the pretext of iltiling the pupil for the col-

lege which he never attended. The pupils have answered by quitting school at the close of the grades and leaving a corporal's guard to mutriculate. The other faction in the educational world has struggled to inject into the school course something useful-something that would enable the graduate to

battle skillfully and successfully in the world for which he was supposed to be fitting himself. The practical or utilitarian faction was in a very small minority at the

start, but gradually concessions have been wrong from the other side untit in the most advanced schools they really teach the pupils something useful.

Let's take a mirror and look ourselves squarely in the face. There is nothing wrong with Kentucky. Yet farm hands are worth here only half what they are worth in other states which can boast no better soil. We could ask for no better soil. Where is a better climate?
THERE IS NOTHING WRONG BUT OURSELVES.

Hoys who should be raised on the farm are raised in the towns and then seat on to feed the hungry, remorseless call of the city. One blade of grass grows where two would grow if some one would tell it how. Farmers are a dollar in debt where they would have two in the bank if they and their sous were easiled to understand agriculture as it can now be understood when

there is opportunity to learn it. The theory is twenty-five years ahead of the practice. Why not take a short cut and inject a little theory into the pupils of the country schools is place of miscellaneous and classified useless information, fads and fancies, frills and



This beautiful property lies on the south side of Chestnut Street. Berea, Kentucky., the lot being 60x200 feet, fronted by a concrete walk; a concrete basement under the whole house; arranged for Georgetown stating that such action furnace-heat; house also fitted for gas lights.

The house is constructed of good material and is well built. I the bankers. As a result of this action has double floors, the top floor being of hardwood handsomely about \$200 from that source will be finished. The first floor rooms are finished in hardwood, the second in hard pine. The building is also storm sheeted and is plastered thruout with patent wood filter plaster. There are three beautiful liled grates with oak mantels with large french plate mirrors.

The water supply is from a deep bored well on the back porch. This is a most beautiful home. We are going to sell it if we can. Any one wanting a good home in Berea with an opportunity to send his children to school will find it to his advantage to write to Bicknell & Harris at once. We will be delighted to give prices on this property or any which we have. And we like to have calls also for we can show better than we can describe the property.

There have been some good bargains in the way of vacant lots and residence properties sold on Jackson Street recently. We have still some splendid offers to make-properties running in prices from \$500.00 up to \$4000.00 right in Berea and just out of Berea. We should be pleased to have any one take up the matter with us.

Yours very Iruly,

BICKNELL & HARRIS,

Kentucky

SIX DOORS

FOR ASPIRING YOUNG PEOPLE

1st Door—Berea's Vocational Schools

Training that adds to your money-earning power, combined with general education.

FOR YOUNG MEN-Agriculture, Carpentry, Printing, Commercial. FOR YOUNG LADIES-liome Science, Dressmaking, Cooking, Nursing, Stenography and Typewriting.

2nd Door-Berea's Foundation School

General Education for those not far advanced, combined with some vocational training. No matter what your present advancement, we can put you with others like yourself and give chance for most rauld progress.

3rd Door-Berea's General Academy Course

For those who are not expecting to teach and who are not going through College, but desire more general education. This is just the thing for those proparing for medical studies or other professions without a college course, it also gives the best general education for those who wish a good start in study and expect to carry it on hy themselves.

4th Door—Berea's Normal School

This gives the very hest training for those who expect to teach. Courses are so arranged that young people can teach through the summer and fall and attend school through the winter and spring, thus earning money to keep right on in their course of study. Read Diasmore's great hook, "How to Teach a District School."

5th Door—Berea's Preparatory Academy Course

This is the straight road to College - best training in Mathematics, Sciences, Languages, History and all preparatory subjects. The Academy is now Berea's largest department.

6th Door—Berea College

This is the crown of the whole Institution, and provides standard courses in all advanced subjects.

Questions Answered

BEREA, FRIEND OF WORKING STUDENTS. Berea College with its affiliated schools, is not a money-making institution. It requires certain fees, but it expeads many thousands of dollars each year for the benefit of its students, giving highest advantages at lowest cost, and arranging as far as possible for students to earn and save in every way.

OUR SCHOOL IS LIKE A FAMILY, with careful regulations to protect the charactor and reputation of the young people. Our students come from the best families and are earnest to do well and improve. For any who may be sick the College provides doctor and nurse without extra

All except those with parents in Berea live in College huildings, and many assist in work of boarding hall, farm and shope, receiving valuable training, and getting pay according to the value of their lahor. Except in winter it is expected that all will have a chance to earn a part of their expenses. Write to the Secretary before coming to secure employment.

PERSONAL EXPENSES for elothing, laundry, postage, books, etc., vary with different people Berea favors plain clothing. Our climate is the best, but as students must attend classes regardless of the weather, warm wraps and underclothing, umbreilas and overshoes are necessary. THE CO-OPERATIVE STORE furnishes books, tollet articles, work uniforms, umhrelias and other necessary articles at cost.

LIVING EXPENSES are really below cost. The College asks no rent for the fine haildings in which students live, charging only enough room rent to pay for cleaning, repairs, fuel, lights, and washing of bedding and towers. For table board, without coffee or extras, \$1.35 a week, in the fail, and \$1.50 la wiater. For furnished room, with fuel, lights, washing of beddiag, 40 to 60 cents for each person.

SCHOOL FEES are two. First a "DOLLAR DEPOSIT," as guarantee for return of room key, library books, etc. This is paid but oace, and is returned when the student departs.

Second an "INCIDENTAL FEE" to help on expenses for care of school buildings, hospital, library, etc. (Students pay nothing for tuition or services of teachers-all our instruction is a free gift). The Incidental Fee for most students is \$5.00 a term; in Academy and Normal \$6.00 and \$7.00 in Collegiate courses.

PAYMENT MUST BE IN ADVANCE, Incidental fee and room rent by the term, hoard by the haif term. lastaliments are as follows:

FALL TERM VOCATIONAL AND ACADEMY FOUNDATION SCHOOLS AND NORMAL incidentai Fee \$ 5.00 \$ 7.00 Room 5.60 7.00 7.00 Board 7 weeks 9.45 9.45 0.45 Amount due Sept. 10, 1913 \$23.45 Board 7 weeks, due Oct. 29, 1913 9.45 9.45 9.45 \$32.96 Total for term \$31.90 If paid in advance..... *\$29.00 *\$31,40 \$32.40 WINTER TERM \$ 5.00 \$ 6.00 \$ 7.39 incidental Fee Room , 7.20 9.00 9.00 9.00 Board 6 weeks 23.20 Amount due Dec. 31, 1913 Board 6 weeks due Feb. fl '14 9.00 9.00 31.20 32.20 29.00 Total for term If paid in advance..... *\$28.50 *\$30.70 *\$31.70

"This does not include the dollar deposit nor money for books or iaundry. Special Expenses-Business.

Fall

Winter

Total

Spring Stenography and Typewriting \$14.00 \$12.00 \$10.00 636.00 36.00 12.00 10.00 Bookkeeping (regular course) 14.00 5.00 18.00 Bookkeeping (hrief course) 7.00 Business course studies for students in other departments: Stenography 10.50 27.00 Typewriting, with one hour's use of instrument 7.00 18.00 5.00 Com. Law, Com. Geog., Com. Arith., or Penmanship, each .. 2.10 1.80 In no case will special Business Fees exceed \$15.00 per term.

Any ahie-bodied young man or young woman can get an education at Berea if there is the will to do so.

It is a great advantage to continue during winter and spring and have a full year of conlinuous study. Many young people waste time in the public schools going over and over the same things, when they might be improving much faster by coming to Berea and starting in on new studies with some of the best young men and women from other counties and states.

Applicants must bring or send a testimonial showing that they are above 15 years old, in good health, and of good character. This may be signed by some former Berea student or some reliable teacher or neighbor. The use of tobacco is strictly forbidden,

Fall Term opens, Wednesday, Sept. 10th. For information or griendly advice write to the Secretary,

D. WALTER MORTON, Berea, Ky.

many. The revorse is true. Germany

takes it as a maiter of course that many things must be done hy the

state in order to protect its life and

develop industry. The highways of

commerce, both by rail and hy water,

are the best assets of the nation.

Through their Intelligent administra-

tion trade and commerce have been

stimulated. The cities, too, have dem-

onstrated that commerce is ruled by

convenience and cheapness. Berlin

LOCAL PAGE

NEWS OF BEREA AND VICINITY, GATHERED FROM A VARIETY OF SOURCES

da, Sunday.

tivators at Welch's.

tives in indiana.

to attend Summer School.

Laswell at Oriendo, Kv.

at her home on Center St.

Lexington, Saturday,

In Cleveland, Tuesday,

everything cheap.

Miss Grace Engie who has remain-

McCormick mowers, rakes and cul-

Mr. Liorace Caldwell left for Knox-

Mr. and Mrs. John F. Dean return-

Mrs. Nettle Mann who has been vis-

hat for \$2 now. A good up-to-date

styllsh hat for \$2. It will pay you

to come and see these bargains. Itig

line of childrens' hats just in, cheap,

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Serivner are vis-

iting ln Estill County while Mr.

very serious operation, which was

performed lu Richmouden few weeks

Mrs. James Kinnard who has been

on Thursday and Friday of this week.

Mr. Howard Harrison left for Bat-

tle Creek, Mich., Saturday, where he

will be employed during the summer

Miss Ella Logen, returned home last

Mr. and Mrs. W. II. Bleknett return-

Who is the next lucky man? The

Mr. and Mrs. B. Harris are visit-

The Misses Bettle VanWinkle and

Orin and William VauWinkle are

Mrs. Wm. Galloway spent a few

The Misses Mary and Florence

House and three lots for sale, \$600

cash if sold before July 1st.-G. W.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Seale spent Sunday

The Juanita Camp Fire Girls had

fete, given on Christian Church yard.

Mr. Q. Wilson is visiting his

Miss Mary Robinson visited from

Tuesday until Friday with Mrs. Roy

Mr. Andrew isaacs and J. K. Bak-

er were in Richmond on business fast

Prof. Lewis goes to Buffaio, La-

Rue County, Saturday, as a represen-

tative of the State Department of

Agriculture, to deliver a lecture on

When you want a real wagon It's

"Solis" before a farmers' meeting.

days with her step-son, Dr. Orin Robe,

visiting relatives in Portsmouth, O

for

(ad)

plvot beam Brown cultivator

ed Sunday from a few days visit with

week after a pleasant visit with her

brother, Zeal Logan.

relatives at Red Lick

castle County.

rew days last week,

in Paint Lick.

Saturday evenlng.

Saturday,

Dunn at Whites Station.

"Studebnker,"

'Weber" at Welch's.

ville, Tenn., at the first of the week

(ad)

DR. BEST,

DENTIST CITY PHONE 183

Office over Berea Bank & Trust Co. at McKeo where she will spend the

DAN H. BRECK Fire, Life, Accident, and Live Stock INSURANCE

Will sign your bond. Phone 505 Richmond, Ky.

North Bound, Local 7:00 a. m. 10:55 p. m. Knozville BEREA 1:07 p. m 3:52 a. m. 6:30 p. m. 7:45 a.m. Cincinnati

South Bound, Local 6:30 a. m. 8:15 p. m. Cincinnati 12:34 p. m. 12:33 a. m. BEREA 7:00 p. m. 5:50 a. m. Knogville Express Train.

No. 32 will atop at Berea to take on passengers for Dayton, O., Richmond, Ind., Indianapolla, Ind., Columbus, O., and points beyond.

South Bound. 8:00 a. m. Cincinnati BEREA 11:55 a. m.

No. 33 will atop to take on passengers for Atlanta and points beyond.

North Bound BEREA 4:45 p. m. 8:50 p. m. Cincinnati

ALL PERSONS

Knowing themselves indebted to me will please call and sisters, Mrs. L. A. Davis, and Mrs. settle by July 1st, as I wish to Omaha, last week. close all accounts by that time. Mrs. Hail on Center St. will sell

Palace Meat Market U. B. ROBERTS, Proprietor

Houghton, Parry, Phoeuix, Seehler months. and Banner buggles now ou the floor (ad.) at Welch'a.

Mrs. Maggie Ogg and daughter, Lucy, are spending this week with Mrs. Ogg's father, Mr. John Hudson, at Hugh, Ky., before their departure for Buckhorn.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Coyle attend. ed home-coming at Panola, Sunday. \$27.50 at Welch s. They report a large crowd and tables heaped with good things to cat ing Mrs. Harris' parents in Rockwhich was served outdoors.

Mr. H. E. Bingham who has been working in Cinclunati for some time Grace Preston visited a few days visited with home folks last week. at Brodhead, with friends.

Friday and Saturday, Mrs. Laura Jones has a great Sallor Sale. New special liue of Sallors just lu for this sale, all at \$1.00 each.

of Portsnouth, O. Miss Ella Adams entertained quite a number of young people at her Tatum were visiting in Richmond a home. Saturday evening.

Mrs. N. J. Coyle is visiting this week with relatives in Hamilton, O.

J. M. Coyle had a slight attack of Hook, Berca, Ky. appendicitis, Monday, but is reported better.

Mrs. J. W. Coyle and children from Hamilton, O., visited with relatives great success with their ice cream In Berca last week.

Hoosier wheat drills now at (ad.) Mr. Wm. Duncan will soon have his parents on Center St.

new house completed which is quite an addition to Chestnut St.

Mr. H. Muncy is having his house painted. William Hanson, Jr., has gone to

visit with his nunt at Winchester for a month. New Hats, Ratine, duck and linen, midsummer noveltles at Mrs. Laura

Jones, Berea, Ky. Mr. and Mrs. Arch Clark and children have been visiting with Mr.

Clark's parents on Chestnut St.

Miss Jennie Eiliott, who has been University of Tenn. Mrs. flunt folvisiting for several days, with Mr. lows a week later. and Mrs. Slmou Muncy left, Saturday, for her home in Casey County.

Methodist Conference

Judge T. J. Coyle leaves for Floried in Herea since Commencement loft Godby of College Hill, Ky. at the first of the week for her home The Wednerday morning session and people.

Parkshurg, Ind., last Thursday.

Mrs. W. S. Prather and children of lexington, are visiting relatives in town this week.

ed last week from a visit with reja-Morgan, of Lestie County for the past home at Lexiugton last Thursday. Miss Amy Todd spent from Saturfew days, returned to Herea, Monday day until Monday with Mrs. Stella

Mr. William Jones returned Sun-Mrs. W. H. Forter and daughter, Frances, returned to their home in of Eastern Kentucky.

Mrs. H. C. Woolf's mother has been Mrs. Laura Jones was in Richmond the first of the week on business. making an extended visit with her extended visit with relatives and iting with home folks since before friends in Herea.

Commencement returned to her home Mrs. S. E. Weich was quite siek at her home on Chestnut St. at the rest Marle Hays have returned from a Don't ferget Mrs. Laura Jones' closfirst of the week. lug out cale of hats is on, tiet a 35

> spent Monday of this week in Iterea on huslness. Dr. P. Cornelius was in Richmond

last Saturday, Mr. E. A. Thomson of Louisville, came to Berea, Monday, for a fev Scrivner regains bis strength from a days.

> Mr. William Taylor, who has been in the hospital for a few days, is able to be cut ngain.

Geo. Dick, returned to her home in

Hazelwood made a trip to Cincinna'l last Sunday. her household goods at a low price

The Lexington District Conference was devoted to the discussion of the is now in session, under very favor- topic, "liow to Make the Minister able conditions, The Conference of the Succeed," after which the people lin-Methodist Episcopal Church was open- tened to an excellent sermon by Rev. ed by a rong and praise service Tues. E. R. Ovecly, For the remainder of day evening at 7:30 o'clock. After the week ending Friday evening the the greeting from the pastor of the program will be carried out. The cou-Berea Church (b) response was de-cluding sermon will be prenched by livered by Rev. E. R. Overly of Bar- the presiding officer, Rev. T. R. Stratbourville, Ky. The sermon of the ton of Barbourville, Ky. The spirit evening was delivered by Rev. A. S. that prevails is that of spirituality and God is blessing both ministers

Miss Mary Fee, after a few weeks' Mr. J. C. Bowman, accompanied by visit with the Welches, the Hunts, his son, J. O., left Saturday noon for and many other triends, returned to Eastern Tennessee, After spending a month there, they will spend a few weeks in Virginia.

Miss Pearl Bastin, after visiting with Mrs. Saille Hanson for the past Miss Bettle Azbill, who has been few weeks, accompanied by her lettle visiting with her sister, Mrs. Judge cousin, Julia Hanson, returned to her Miss Etta Moore was shopping in

Richmond iast Saturday. FOR SALE: Three houses and lots dny from a trip thru the mountains on Center St. See S. H. Combs. All going for \$3,500.

Miss Fannle Dowden who taught the public school at White Hall, Mrs. Frank Blazer and children of Garrard County, last year in such a Yellow Springs, Ghio, are making an ratisfactory manner has been employed to teach the same school th's year.

The Misses Mottle Jackson and Forvisit with relatives in McKee. They Mr. T. II. Burnam of Richmond were accompanied home by their little cousin, Cleo, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Baker, of McKee.

> Miss Etizabeth Lewis, class of '01, and Miss Grace Malden, class of 'o'; send greeting from New Haven with a pleture of the famous thanter Church on the Green, whose paster gave the address to our religious so cletles at Commencement time,

Mr. Oscar Clark, a former student of Berea, now editor of the Harlan Mr. Morris Phillips came up from Enterprise, is quite sick with typhmaking an extended visit with her his home at Wildle to spend a few eld fevor at Harlan.

Mr. II. E. Taylor left for Philadel-The Misses Beesle Eaton and Mary phia, Monday, where he will join Mrs. Taylor. They will sail for Europe on the imperator some time next week.

GO TO

"The Stores That Made

Berea Famous"

ПОМЕ

GOOD TREES FOR THE CITY

Suitable Shade Producers Are of Four General Classes-How to Plant Correctly.

Shade trees suitable for street planting come under four general classes: The columnar, such as the Lombardy popular, Irish juniper and red cedar; the cone-ahsped, such as the sugar maple, sweet gum, white pine; the vase-formed, or spreading head, as the American eim and silver maple; the round-headed form, such as the Carolina popular and horse chestnut,

The redbud or Judsa tree, the magnolias and similar varieties are excellent for use on lawns or city squares. but not suitable for street planting on account of their small size and habit of growth. It is hest to select trees from nurseries in the fail, so that their form can be fully determined, and this is also a good season for transpishting, for the roots can then become established in new quarters before frost. The trees should be well pruned, and after the ground is frozen muich of leaves about six inches deep theid in place by brances, but which allow aeration of ground) should be put on This will furnish heat, and, hy putting it on after the first frosts, will prevent the mice from building nests in, or nibbling the

The vase-formed trees, which arch gracefully over the street, and of which the elin is so perfect a type, are quite generally conceded to give the best effect. The American eim is pre-eminently the street tree of the older towns of the east and middle west, and rightly so, as it it both rugged and graceful lt grows with uniformity, yet without monotony, shows great individuality without departing from type, developing in age what might almost be called personality .-Arthur Hay in the t'raftaman

GOOD LESSON FROM GERMANY

Cities Thera Have Demonstrated That Commerce to Ruled by Convenience and Cheapness.

Thought in America is obsessed with the idea that the laws of commerce are like the laws of nature. We assume that they cannot be controiled or alifed by mau. Transportation must be left to private control There is no such assumption in Ger-

house at Middletown, which he will

son left, Saturday tor Germantown, were incorrect, O., where they have occurred work. Mr. Cleve Anderson and Miss Ethel

McKnight of Obi Paint Lick were married, Thursday, June 19th. Miss Hessle Johnson is visiting in

Illino B. Evans were visitors at Slate Lick,

Sunday.

STRAYED

A red male neg, weighing nearly 100 ibs. Owner may have him by paying damage and for this notice Chas. T. Shearer, Disputanta, Ky.

VACATION LIBRARY HOURS

Every afternoon from 2 to 5, exept Tuesdays and Saturdays.

is intersected by canals, in the face of the fact that the nation owns the railways and makes them as serviceable as possible for industry. Hamburg and Bremen are free ports of entry into which the merchandise of the world is shipped in bulk. Here it is permitted to lie without tax or duty, awaiting export or entry into the country Too Generous With Free Lunch. Laying a birthday feast on the free lanch counter, a deal chef in the employ of "ike" ilirachorn, a New York hotelkeeper, committeed an amusing error the other day, and incidentally lost his joh. it was the hotel proprietor's birtiday "Ike" invited all of the best people to a dinner in his honor. tleese, chickens, lobsters and all of the delicacies of the season were ordered in unlimited quantities. it was a fine layout that "ike" inspected. "Put lt

all on the table upstairs," he said to his chef, ilazenpflug. The chef, being deaf, did not comprehend the order and in five minutes the layout was on the free lunch counter. The news spread quickly that Hirschorn had turned philanthropist and it was all over to a minute. Hefore "lke" could get to the scene the elaborate hirthday dinner had vanished

in Setting Out Trees.

inscribing the results of horticultural investigations at the Wohurn experimental fruit farm, Spencer M lackering controverted some old notions as to the transplanting of trees from the nursery to the fruit ground. It made little or no difference, he said, to the future weifare of the tree whether the ends of the old roots were trimmed or lett jagged and torn; nor did it matter whether they were carefully apread out instead of heing huddied into the hole prepared for them. Experiments had shown that it was the new rootlets which were to be

City's Grestest Problem.

London Mail

tormed and not the old ones on which

the future life of the tree depended .-

The greatest probjem in Hartford. even above husiness, government and other very important issues, is that in the life of your youth, right principles of integrity, common honesty and love of country shall be made to grow and come to the foundations of life.-From an address by Hanker James G. Cannon of New York before the Hartford

Tuesdays and Saturdays from 6:30

to 8:30 p. m. Geo, Itrateber, J. M. and Dave John-. The hours as published fast week

FOR SALE CHESTNUT SHINGLES

I have geveral hundred thousand

chestnut shingles and can ship on short notice Write or call or phone Howard Johnson and Miss Francis for prices. II. II. Wood, Wildle, Ky.

VOTE FOR

HARVEY H. BROCK

FOR

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT

of Madison County Schools

Subject to the action of the Democratic l'atty.

For a short time only we are offering with every Suit or every Coat and Trousers a FREE Fancy Vest or a FREE Pair of Trousers made to your measure by

The Globe Tailoring Co. Cincinnati

Every garment is backed by the rigid guarantee of the makers. Take advantage of this NOW.

500 Patterns to Select from Prices \$20 to \$40

Let Us Take Your Measure To-day

HAYES & GOTT

" We Quality Store"

BEREA,

KENTUCKY

SEE CLARKSTON FOR **Deering Mowing Machines** and Rakes MAIN STREET, near Bonk

"Old Hickory" or

TELEPHONE NO. 40 CALLS W. O. MOORE, at the Nicely Stand

For all kinds of FEED and BREAD STUFFS, Potts' Flour and Meal in any quantity, Corn, Oats, Hay, Straw, Ship Stuff and Chicken Feed. We are able to furnish feed in car load lots.

their Children's Day exercises next Sunday night. Mrs. A. N. Clack, who has been visiting for the just two weeks with Mrs. S. P. Clark, has gone to Itose Mr. J. II. Cooper, traveling sales-Hlil, Va., to visit relatives there.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Donham were visitors to l'aiut Lick last Sunday.

Miss Mabel James of Hinton, Va., and the Misses Leah and Hazel Azhill of Richmond, Ky., visited with Mr. J. E. Gott on Center St. and other friends in Berea from Friday until Monday.

man for Littlefield and Steere, Knoxville, Tenn., was n business visitor in Berea, Monday.

Mr. Edgar Moore spent Sunday with his parents near Berea.

Mr. Oscar Johnson, who a few days ago was very badly bruised in a Prof. Carl Huat left Monday on the wreck just a lew miles south of noon train for Kuoxville, Tenn., where Berea, is improving. Mr. Johnson he will attend summer school at the thinks that he will be able to resume his work within a month. Mr. S. T. Mitchell was lu Berea

over Sunday.

Klugston, June 23. - Miss Stella Winburn of Richmond is spending this week with Archie Maupin. Mr. and Mrs. Cam Lewis made business trip to Richmond, Saturday.

few daya in Berea.

The Misson Mabel and Lelia Flagery, Suda Powell, Eva Lewis, Lydia Young, Laura Murray, Grace Parks, and Clemule Abrams, and the Messra. Lonnie Abrams, Green Poweli, John Parks and Hugh Lewis spent Suaday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Curt Parks.

The Christian Sunday School give

The Borea Fair Association has

Rov. Jas. Madison Combs, former

changed its time for the fair this

year to July 30th, 31st, and Aug 1st.

teacher of Carpentry, is spending

KINGSTON NEWS

Miss Suda Poweil was shopping in Berea, Tuesday.

The Misses Filzabeth and Verna Flanery were the guests of Leona Webb, Saturday and Sunday.

BLUE LICK ITEMS

J. A. Beuge is at home from Ohlo S. F. Johuson had a fine horse killed by lightuing last Thursday. Stanley Johnson spent last week with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John

Johnson. B. H. Foley is erecting a new store

The Racket

Store

The Citizen Knife

The Citizen is sharp, and it has a good bargain for its subscribers who like a sharp knife. Any subscriber to THE CITIZEN who pays his dollar for first payment or renewal can have a dollar knife extra by paying 25 cents extra. Razor steel, white or black rough horn handle-Looks like this.



AN OUTING

The flungain on flurdette's monn-

tain, despite the hard rain, was n

pisce of unusual happiness from Tnes-

day afternoon until Wednesday morn-

ing, when a select party of eight,

responding to the very cordial invi-

tation of Mre. II. It. Itoberts, gather-

Those enjoying the enrefully idan-

ned program for the party were:

Mrs. ftoberts, Dr. Showers and the

nellus, and the Hesses. Douglas Hoh-

REAR ADMIRAL TWINING

erts, and F. O. and it, O. Bowinn,

C HARRIS & EWING

chief of the bureau of ordnence of

KILL THE WINTER FLY.

The crueade egainst the fly

has spread to all parts of the country. It is well that this is

for much disease. It is an especially prudent plen to kill

every fly possible before the reel

werm weather sets in.-Roches-

RIDDLES.

Why is a fly tailer then most men?

What kind of anchor does a drun-

Why should a false friend never

itecouse you might look in and "find

Why is a divinity student like .

Because he studies the prophete

in what part of the church do they

What is that of which the common

Where did Noeh strike the first nail

Why is en accepted cultor like c

Because he ought to be transported.

Enough for one, too much for two,

What game does a lady's "dress im-

Because a lass (alas) is an interjec-

and nothing for three; takee one to

· When is a man hospitable and

thout shoes or stockings.

ken callor like best?

leave hie bouse?

him out."

(profits)

Sense.

in the erk?

A secret.

prover" resemble?

itack-gammon.

ring the bell(e)s?

At the altar.

sort is the best?

On the head

person guilty of a crime?

make and two to keep?

Why is a girl not a noua?

An enker of brandy

circat at the some time?

When he takes you in

same time.

will remain?

ed there for real enjoyment.

EKITCHEN

THY cruse of comfort wast-

A FEW BREADS.

firend is the staff of life; it is necessary that we know how to keep that sisff in good condition The following breads are good to add variety to our

Vienne Rolle.-Take a cup of warm water, two teaspoonfule of sugar, two of sait, a fourth of a cup of tepid water, in which a yeast rake is dissolved, one egg and two and a half cupe of flour. Mix and set to reise; when well risen roll out in long rolls and form in creecent-shaped rolls. Set to raise; hrush with nielted butter, and when light bake in a hot oven.

Brioche-This is the French coffee eake. Mix together two cups of flour, four tableepoonfuls of sugar, three eggs, a half cup of butter, a teaspoonful of sait, a fourth of a cup of water iu which the yeast cake is softened, a fourth cup of milk and a cup of mixed fruit. The fruit may be raisins, currants and citron, cut in very thin pieces. When risen, roll in long roll, form in rircle and slash with a sharp knife. Sprinkle with sugar and cinua-

mon and bake Pocket book rolls for the children are made of the Parker house roll mixture, cutting them as for Parker house rolle. When they are folded over, put two or three currants in each, then fold over and, when baked, the little people will be delighted with the money they find in their rolls.

One of the important points to consider in all bread making is letting it reice light enough end then baking it et first et a high temperature, to kill the yeast plant and cease its rnis-

nellin maxwell.

Abdul Hemid's New Prison.

The itevierbey palece et Conetantinople, to which the ex-Sultan Abdul Hamid hee been removed from Saionika, is generally regarded as the most successful erchitecturel achievement of modern times in Turkey, the Westminster Gazette states. it was hulit by Abdul Aziz in 1866, and is of white marble throughout and eccentially oriental in every respect. During his reign Abdul Hamid never resided et the Beylerbey palace, perhaps berouse of its association with the tragic death of his uncle Axiz, but foreign covereigns visiting Constatinople were alweye enterteined there. The ertistic loveliness of the palace delighted the Empress Eugenie on the occasion of her vieit in 1869, though the roome est aport for her use were furnished to exly recemble her suite of epart-uts in the Tuileriee.

HENRY F. HOLLIS



Henry F. Hollie le the firet Demooratic senetor to be elected from New Hampshire since 1855. He is a graduate of Hervard, a lawyer and resides

Union Church to Attend Methodist Conference

Owing to the sessions of the Mo- program for the evening for a serthodist District Conference in Beren this week, the Union Church will not hold regular prayer meeting services, but the membership is requested to attend the session of the District Conference, Thursday evening, Rev. J. M. Meienr of Lexington in an the

in this connection, The Citizen desires to call general attention to the programs of the Conference, which began Tuesday evening and continue, with morning, afternoon, and evening

WINS A PRIZE

The excellent work of the Priscilla Club during the last year, as reported by Mrs. Ciara C. Hook, the Secretary, won a prize for Mrs. Hook from the Ladies Home Johnnal, Her report was given a conspirnous place in the July number on the page entitled What Women's Clubs are Doing,"

in her report mention was made of the annual town rieaning campnign, the influence of the Club in seruring sanitary regulations by the town council, the support given to the hoofworm investigation carried on by Dr. J. S. fock of the Rockefeller t'on mission, and the annual bazaar, the proceeds of which form a rharl'y fund by which many needy persons have been helped.

The Citizen is glad to give local enrency to this deserved publicity of the Club's activities, for there is perhaps no organization in Berea that Misses Hilda Welch and Grace L. Cor. has done more for the good of the community; and it is to be sincerely hoped that future years may find it even more active and heliful.

IN OUR OWN STATE

WEBB LAW NOT VIOLATED

The Court of Appeals held recently, in rousidering the action of the Whitley Circuit Court, which fined the Adom's Express Company \$100 under the Webb-Kenyen law, for rerrying fiquor into a "dry" county, that the culpability of the rarrier depends entirely upon the use to which the consignce inten is to put the liquor. it this use does not violate a law of the State, the carrier is blameless. Under this action the decision of the Whitiey Circuit Court was reversed. POWERS TO RETIRE

Recent reports are to the effect that itepresentative taleb flowers will not be a candidate for reejection to Congless, ily his voluntary retirement tongress will jose one of its most consideions figures. Since Mr. Powers first came to Congress two years ngo, his Democratic colleagues ed him. They have not only refused to speak to him to take the oath of office with him, but they have refused to serve on committees with him, After retirement Mr. Powers will practice law at Barbourville.

TRADE BOOSTERS TO TOUR MOUNTAINS

A party of Trade floosters from the Reer Admirai flethan C. Twining Lexington Commercial Club started Tuesday morning on a trip thru the the nevy department, whose secret plans of the electric wiring of the mountains. Speakers have been apnew dreadneught Penneylvenia ere pointed to reply to addresses of welcome at the various stops, and parades will be conducted by the party.

UNITED STATES NEWS

furnish ice not needed for consumiction in those cities, in order to re-Hove the suffering.

ADVANCE IN PRICES A recent report of the United States near Rochester, N. Y. Bureau of Labor Statistics indicates that wholesale prires of commodities must thirty years.

Why ie e steam engine at a fire an Hecause it works and plays at the which two heing removed, only one ado, coming from a beet sugar state, tary from him. lieceuse he stands over eix feet plead vigorously that the free sngar | Candelnria is a little town of about provision be eliminated, on the ground 500 inhabitants, virtually all of whom that free sugar would mean the are Mexicans.

crippling and possibly the death of the beet augar industry, Pres. Wilson

approves and urges the provision.

sessions, until Friday evening.

FRIEDMANN SAILS FOR BEILLIN Dr. Friedman, ci Berlin, who some time ago announced that he had discovered a cure for tuberculosis, snited for home from New York City on June 17th. The Loard of health of the city bas forbidden the use of his serum varcine.

Examinations of patients treated by Dr. Friedmann have proved in many eases that the remedy has failed to effect a curc.

PHISON REPORMS Warden Thomas of the Ohio Sinte penitentiary at Columbus liss issued any order to the effect that food and

GEORGE JOHN KINDEL



Congressman Kindel, the new rep-Coloredo, saye he sterted to work et troiley traction the egs of thirteen for \$1.50 e wesk, trade he moved to Denver end esteb-lished en upholetery business. He is ped by an army of opinions. fifty-eight years old, le merried and has two children.

delicacies may not be hunded in to prisoners by, friends. The result of this order will be the prevention of the sniuggling of narcotic drugs to

prisoners at work will be refused the ward. consideration of the feelings of the prisoners, and in view of the fact that the interest displayed by a targe majority; of visitors is similar bus, Cleveland, and Indianapolis, to to the interest manifested at zoos. SERIOUS ACCIDENT .

> Fifty persons were injured on June 22nd when an excursion train on the tennsylvania Railroad wes detailed

CHARGES AGAINST SOLDIERS Charges that American soldiers on in the United States were higher the Mexican border are as much out-Inst year than at any time during the laws as the roving bands arross the lines, that they are unruly and rioting LIVELY BATTLE ON FREE SUGAR among themselves, and are falling to Members of the Senatorial caucus afford protection to Americans, were opposed to the provision in the laid before Secretary of: War Garri-Turiff itili providing that sugar shall son, Saturday, dune 21st, by J. A. be free of duty in 1916, caused the Kitpatrick of Candelaria, Tex. Mr. What word is it of five letters, of harmonious spirit of the caucus to be Klipatrick is an old friend of Represpoiled into Monday afternoon by jend- sentative Underwood, majority lend- ing is a way by which people ere told ing a strenuous fight against the er of the house, and has obtained a why they should have your goods end. provision, Senator Shaforth of Color- letter of introduction to the Secre-

WE ARE ALWAYS ON THE JOB

Protection from Lightning

The question of how best to secure protection from lightning is one of the gravest that now confront fire insurance companies. Able men are at work on the best solution of this problem and there is no doubt with the co-operation of electrical engineers and competent inventors this problem will be solved.—April, 1913 World Progress

Our Weather Proof Combination is absolutely the best and cheapest protection against Lightning, Fire, Wind, Rain and Snow

Insist that the house in which your children go to church and school be protected with one of our weather proof combinations.

Berea School of Roofing NEW CAMPUS, BEREA, KY.

Phone, Office 7—Home 181

On Saturday in Office

Advertising Talks

LAW OF DEMAND IS SANE AND CERTAIN

Advertising Not Less Valuable Because of Some Unbelievers.

Every year N. W. Ayer & Son of Philadelphia, one of the lergest and most infinential advertising agencies in the country, iesue a little volume on advertising, which contains gome of thought and arguments that ere especially convincing.

This year they have just issued a little booklet entitled "The Ayer Idee in Advertising," which contains some mighty good advertising logic. We quote from this book as follows:

There are men who do not believe in advertising-good men and wise, hut that signifies nnught. it is but a brief while since many men believed that the enrth was flat, but it was round all the time. The earth did not change its shape; men merely aitered their views. The point of it ell is that there ere established facts in business just ne there ere established facts in nature and helief or disbelief does not rhange the facta. "Suppose, for instance, you were to

say: 'I do not believe in darkness; I do not want darkness.' Will it not grow dark tonight quite the same as though you were heartily in favor of

"You may not like the telephone or typewriter or ndding machine—thousands of persons do not-but these are established instruments in today's activities and your feelings will not elter the facts. To refuse to use them stamps you as being behind the times, and competition with the man or business which does use them is no longer possible for the man or business which does not use them.

"The time has passed for giving serious attention to the man who does not helieve in indvertising. Advertising is as much a part of today's life recentative of the First district of as electricity, antiseptic surgery or

"The eystem under which he who end three years leter apprenticed him- has something to sell tells about it from Kentucky have absolutely desert- cetf to a mattressmaker. He was horn to those who do or should use it, is a in Cincinneti, but efter he iserned his proved, established, actual fact and no

"Brondiy speaking, it is easier and more profitable to obey the law than to try to break it. If it is a good law it cannot be resisted. Tarkie the law of gravity, for instance, and see how for you get with your opposition.

"The lew of demand is just as eane. just as certain and just as natural es risoners,
Within a short time visitors who and night, weekdays, holidays and wish; to enter the shops to see the Sundays and they always pull down-

mercial success there is demand ineistently tugging awey. if demand can be circumscribed and focussed and tied to your product, you have done a hig thing and middlemen by the score can no more stand agninst it then can a few leyers of fleecy cloud keep grevity from eccomplishing its effective work.

This is no preachment against the powerful importance of the wholesale or retail merchant. The manufactur er who neglects the dealer in any ad vertising rampaign he may inaugurate ts indeed lacking in foresight.

'Forcing the trade' to carry a line has long since given way to better methods. Co-operation is hetter than coercion. But as a foundation for success nothing can take the piece of a powerful consumers' demand

"No one can want enything until he knows of its existence and its fitness for filling his requirements. Advertiset the same time, taught how they may identify them.

"The method is backed by good logic and good sense-just the same sort of plain, prosaic business reasoning which is required in any other line of work.

"There is aothing magical or mysterious about it and the greatest' advertising successee have been singularly free from the frills and furhe lowe with which some advertising men seek to invest this plainest and simplest aid to present day merchandise distribution."

Avoid Cut Prices.

"Each merchant should advertise his regular goods more freely and stay awey from the cut price as much as possible" said F. L. Lindemuth, in speaking on "The Dangere of the ilargain Attractione" before th members of the Topeka (Ken.) Ad Club. "There are too meny merchante and too meny persons in business who look for immediate results. They put on sd lu the paper one day and if the street outside the etore is not fined with prospective buyers the next day they consider the ad has been a fellure."

Old But Good Axiome. These old axiome are worth repeating:

An advertisement must be seen. An advertisement must be believed. An advertisement must be true.

Ad Pointers

Good edvertising is a modern force that must be used by institutions that intend to grow. And the men with e good

product will accomplish what he wente to do quicker, essist end with lesst expense if he edvertises right.

in the retail business small firms that don't advertise very often settle close to the large store because the latter will draw huge crowds through publicity.

And thus do emsti firms pey tribute to the power of edvertieing-and profit thereby.

It is probably true that only 20 per cent. of all edvertising is effective. "Advertising is not overdone—it's underdone—it's raw,' said one writer.

"It Pays to Advertise" is a deceptive slogan. It won't pay unless your product has merit. The retail store that savertiese right advertises because there is something to say.

SUNDAY SCHOOL "WANT ADS"

More Then Enough Teachers Secured Through Advertisement in the Newspepers.

The public is beginning to realize more end more that the newspaper is the medium through which the great masa of people is to be reached when an object is to be atteined. It makes no difference whether the object le the sale of e cake of soap, the inculcation of a political faith, the hiring of a cook, or the purchase of any deeired article. The newspaper is the one channel through which ell the desires of humanity must flow.

A notable example of this fact was given in Chicago recently when a 'want ed" was inserted in severel of the papers asking for Sunday school teachers. The "want ad" did its work and a sufficient number of teachers was supplied to meet the demand.

The advertisement was inserted by the liaisted Street institutional church, which is affiliated with no particular denomination. The school undertook e great and important work in one of the "toughest" sections of the city, but it was a success from the start. It's one great difficulty. however, was to obtain a sufficient number of teachers for the pupils who thronged through the doore. Therefore, the superintendent hit upon the pian of inserting "want ads" in the newspapers. The result was most gratifying. The teachers came in droves. They filled up the vacancles and they left a waiting list with more than a dozen nemes upon it.

Verliy, it pays to advertise for what you need, and especially does it pay to edvertise in a newspaper-grenting always that it is a newspaper thet daree to announce its circulation.

How He Did It.

One dealer in indiana opened a naw store in a German locality. Heing an iriehmen end not at all familier with the mother tongue of the majority of his customers, he lost a great deal of business through a rival deelsr, who could spout German with the best of

itealizing that a great deal of his rivel's husiness was due to the fact that he hed the "home" atmosphere in hie etore, he eet out to combat

First of ell, he hired a German epeaking cierk, who hed ability for making signs, etc.

He had this fellow letter the window and make counter cards in Germen and English but he kept himself a little in the background when a customer of pronounced German character entered the store, leaving that customer to his cierk.

Soon he was able to meet his rival on equal terms as far as the "Fatheriand spirit" went. Now he is TitE dealer in hie town.

Committee to Oust Fakirs.

"Fake advertising through dieplaye on garieh placards on store fronte and mock methods of every description, which coet Seattle business men \$100,-000 per year and more, with no returns on the investment, are to disappear. The fake purveyor of programmea, contests, lotteries and simiier schemes is to find it difficult to ply his trade, and a new Seattle motto is to be copied as the result of a programme put forth hy President George F. Vradenburg and indorsed by the Ad club at e luncheon." Thus saye the eccretary of the

Seattle Ad club, who concludes:

"There was some discussion as to the advertising fakir end his methods. and the club determined to appoint a censorship committee whose duty it will be to demend personal and financial references of these men. Failure to show credentials to prospective edvertisere eigned by officers of the club should be taken as evidence, it was stated, that the proposition was a fake.

Advertising by Gee Compenies. "Why a fleating and Lighting Com-

pany Should Advertise" was the subject of en interesting talk by George A. Duatel, e flaitimore adverticing expert, before the Norfolk Ad club. The speaker confined himself to heating companies, dwelling upon the publicity adventages that are overlooked by menufecturers end dealers. Taking up the benefits of adverticing. Mr. Deatel showed what companies that handle gas have eccomplished through the advertising columns of newspapers and hy "follow-up" work through their enlesmen.

His Rise to Power

BY HENRY RUSSELL MILLER



Read of This Stirring Battle Against Civic Evils That Are, and For the Honor and Justice That Should Everywhere Prevail

SYNOPS IS

Senator Murchell, leader of the state machine, and Sheehan, local bosa of New Chelsea, offer the nomination for district attorney to John Dunmeads. Dunmeads Independent in his political ideas.

Dunmeade will accept the nomination. His father, a partisan judge, congratu-lates him. His Aunt Roberta urges John to call on Katherine Hampden, daughter

Katherine Hampden is a worshiper of mocess. She and John are friends. Jeremy Applegate, a political dependent, campaigns for John and the state ticket.

The rollenness of politics in his state end parly as revealed in his campaign disgusts John. He calls upon Katherine.

Katherine's peril in a runawsy reveals to her and John their unspoken love. John publicly "turns down" the machine of his party.

John will not compromise with his science even for the saka of winning.

The course of his son is disapproved by Judge Dunnicade. John is elected and puts Sheehan on trial for political corrup-Sheehan is convicted and flees.

poets Haig, a novelist, who is introduced to him by Warren Blake.

Haig and John visit the Hampdens Blake proposes to Katherine and is re-locted. He praises John to her. Murchell as a visitor. The visitor is Sackett, head of the At-hatio railroad, trying to keep the Mich-igan out of the Steel City. He wants Murchell to retire. The latter cannot in-

duce John to stop his attacks on the ma-chine. John and Katherine meet. The attit thinks John a follower of im-possible ideals the loses in his fight for cleanliness in state politics and falls tit. Murchell offers financial sid to the Dun-

aided by Halg. In the Steel City he meets Katherina, who is courted by Gregg, a

Murchell loses control of the machine to therrod and retires sominatly from polt-ics. Sherrod gets drunk, and a messesger is sent to Murchell for ald.

Sherrod has embezzied 1900,000 of state noney. Murchell resumes control after

Through Sheehan's plea for mercy Je learns that Hampden and Blake have b carrying worthiesa political notes as pur

The bank is in peril. John loses in the primaries. Hampden toses his fortune stock speculation and fears exposura

CHAPTER XVII. Shadows.

the hank, behind closed blinds, Warren Itiake waa working at his desk. He had been seen coming out of the bank every night for weeks. It did not cause comment. It was like Warren Binke, people thought, to be working early and late. No one who had not the key would have detected In the widened eyes and imperceptibly twitching nostrila a hint of the racking anxlety within. Ills paller would have been attributed to the garlsh gas-In New Chelsea lives Warren Blake, a light overhead. Quite deliberately he sodel young bank cashier, connected with added up the column of figures before added up the column of figures before him. They spelled his crime.

Very cleverly, very characteristically, he had gone about it. Hampden, he knew, caught in the big deal into which Warren had followed blin, had drifted into it-had bardly realized, as In the heat of necessity he asked the cashler to certify checks for which there were no funds, that it was a crime. Not so with Warren. In cold blood, with a nice calculation of the chances, he had stepped over the line that he had never before crossed. Once over, he had gone far. It had been a gambler's chance, the kind that many men take safely, and, when taken, had seemed all in his favor. But now the luck was running the other way. If the market sagged further, he would be done for,

No one, if told, would have belleved why he had done it-because the bank was breaking anyhow under the load of worthless paper, most of it a legncy from his predecessor, and only a great deal of money could save it. It had been bla pride to carry along an Institution for the shakinesa of which he was not responsible. It had become his life. He had risked all, even his own little carefully accumulated fortune, to save all, though he had made it a point of honor not to risk the trust properties in his keeplng-he somehow made a distinction.

If the market should sag, how abould he pay? Hampsien, though bankrupt. would be able to work out of the hole. He could always get money somewhere. Itut Hampden could not. hence would not, try to save both. How then should be, Warren illake, pay? With shame, certainly. money-out of the question.

If the market should sag! Suddenly came to him the sure foreknowledge that it would sag. For an instant panic filled him. He put the books

of the vnuit until his fingers found and drew forth an oblong pasteboard box. He opened it and looked at what lay within. He took it out and played with it. The gleaming, blue black thing seemed to hold a horrible fascination for hlm. It cost hlm an effort to put it away. He set the time

lock, closed the vault and left. John lunnieade, having reached home, put his horse away in the stable. It was past It o'clock and he was tired. Itut he was not sleepy and he hated to go in out of the clear. still night. So he strolled uptown, in tending to have a pipe with Haig before going to bed. His way took him past the bank just as Warren stepped out. The latter stopped.

"Working inte, aren't yon?" said John.

"I often do." He heshtated. "Are you out for a walk?"

"Down to Halg's. along?' John asked politely.

"A part of the way, if you don't Sometimes, when I've been mind. -working hard. I like to talk to some one to forget myself. , How are the primaries going?"

"The primaries? Itad. in fact, they couldn't be worse."

"I thought as much. I'm sorry. I'd ilke to see you win."

John was thoroughly surprised.

supposed you were against me." "I've always voted for you. You are fitted for public service. You have something apart from mere intellect and ability, and, far rarer, the capacity to frel what we all accept in theory but not in fact-your relation to other men. I wish I could feel-could have felt lt. Whatever gave you that fine sixth sense won't let you quit. It will carry you to the end-through weak-

ness and strength." Somethlug in the man's voice rather than in what he said arrested John's interest. "Do you really think that, War-

"There are things that one knows." They halted, having reached the home of Slian Hicks, where Halg had his rooms. The clgar Warren had been smoking had gone out. He atruck a match to relight it. He held the flaming taper before him for an instant longer than was necessary and John could see his face. It was composed but pale, the eyes extraordinarily bright.

Primary day!

From one end of the sinte to the other the battle raged between red rose and white. When darkness put an end to the annuluary conflict both sides were claiming and neither side had the victory. The Issue must be removed for decision to the convention.

Benton county, a Murchell stronghold, chose its complement of delegates Instructed for the Hon. tl. Washington Jenkins. Also it gave, as it thought, John Dunmeade his quietus.

Senator Murchell and his guest, Jenkins, received the returns at the former's home. Jeremy Applegate, too. was there, not overwhelmed as he should have been by the honor, to help tabulate reports. Other politicians of the county dropped in. Once, about midnight, Jeremy answered a ring of the desk telephone, listened to the mesange and himg up the receiver without brow a gulyas

"What is it?" asked some one,

"Jehn Dunmeade's beaten," Jeremy answered shortly.

Murchell looked at the clerk. 'Don't seem overjoyed, Jeremy?"

Jeremy pushed back his chair and got to his feet. He faced Murchell. "I was thinkin'," be said quaveringiy, "I was thinkin', it's a shame." The old body and the cracked, shrill voice

shook with passion. "If you want to know, I voted fur him. It's the only mnn's fold I ever done since I come to be your heeler. You've benten an' broken him, the best man this county ever had, an'-an' you can have me kicked out of my job if you like."

The politicians were too amazed at this unbelievable instance of lese maleste even to laugh. Oven monthed they watched him as, quivering with is Hampden. What do you want?" defiance and the hate of the oppressed, he glared at Murchell much as in a former time he must have confronted the gray charge. They expected nothing less than that the lightnings would blast Jeremy where he stood; hence



"If you want to know, I voted fur him." We'll talk about your job an

The old clerk turned and slowly

other time."

atumped out of the room. "Jeremy." commented the senator. "acems to have uncarthed an unsus-

pected backbone." The politicians, uncertain whether this was senatorful humor or not, chose slience as the course of discre-

Later still, after the small fry had left, came the news that the opposition had freed itself and that Jerry Itrent would control lis convention, which meant that he would be nominated for . governor. And this was matter for grave concern. Until nearly morning the leaders discussed eandldates. The tenor of their conversation seemed to and bonds. Somehow the picture could Indicate that Wash Jenkins was not assured of the Murchell support. Nor did he seem unduly resentful because, of this fact. Wash was a model retainer, humbly willing to take what he

could get. It was in the course of this discus aion that Senator Marchell aald, "If John Imnmeade weren't such a stubborn fool he would be just the man to meet Itrent with." He spoke nugrily. The others gave respectful If surprised

assent. In the fluancial district of the Steel City was no June day relaxation. In the exchange was a howling, freuzied mob struggling desperately to speed advancing fortune or to retain that which was vanishing in the Alahama

Iron and Con! squeeze. A glution by methods that would have done credit to the robber barons had raped the treasure developed by weaker brethren. And now greater burous, more gluttonous, springing upon him in an ungmirded moment, by like methods were tearing the spoils from his grasp. Itut no one saw n joke. itefore it could end two great banking houses would be bankrupt, at least one darlug, arrogant speculator acusationally ruined and a thousand little greedy

ones made pennilees, The mad scramble rose to a climax. In his office the man who was the storiu center stood over the ticker. 11e had struggled, with the unthinking valor born of desperation, against the unwavering, relentless attacks made upon him. They had forced him back. farther and still farther back to bis inner lines of defense, into the last

ditch. Driven out of that he had made a last vain stand. Now he awnited the slaughter. He glared fixedly at the tape in his hand.

Suddenly the fixity broke up in an insane helpless rage that demnaded physical expression. From his twisted month came an hartlculate, wolfish ery. With a convulsive jerk he sampped off the tape-kicked the ticker until it fell with a crash. A clerk in the outer office heard the noise and rushed in. immediately, frighteaed by what he saw, he withdrew, closing the door belilled him.

Stephen Humpden was not good to look upon as he rushed up and down the room, striking and kicking at the objects in his way. His face was purple-convulsed the poured out unintelligible imprecations on the "curs. the "crooks," the "trallors" who had broken him. He had no thought for those mon whom he hi his turn had fallen. He was obsessed by the pasalon of his detent.

The parexyam speat itself. He flung himself, panting and still glaring, into chair. The telephone rang. pald no attention to it.

The clerk, trembling, opened the door, "You're wanted on the long distance, Mr. Hampden. It's"-

"I won't talk to them!" Hampden aparled back

The clerk withdrew, then reappeared. "Iteg pardon, Mr. Hampden," he insisted timidly, "Int it's Mr. itiake of New Chelsea. He says he must talk to you."

"All right." Hampelen caught up the telephone. Ite walted until the click told him that the clerk's receiver had been hung up, then snapped. "This

The precaution was unnecessary The message was strangely worded It would have meant nothing to an outsider. Itut Hampilen had the key.

He hung up the receiver. And for a moment he allowed bimself to be beaten down. Fear before a danger lucurred in the heat of battle and now become imminent, terrible, through the folly of another, consted rage. Mere defeat, bankrupley, paied before this new penalty which he must pay. And fear steadled him, cleared his brain. He wasted no lime in futile regrets. His mind darted bither and thither, swift and calculating, pondering and rejecting a hundred avenues of escape from the peril which must be averted before he could set out to recoup his losses. There was no thought of saving Warren Blake-only himself.

Late in the day he went out-to beg the mercy he had never shown.

Katherine Hampden was alone that evening. She was often alone nowadays, but not entirely because, as she had told John Dinmeade, she had been assigned a berth on the shelf reserved for unmarriageable femnies. There were many men who would have dition, when my heart" -gladly undertaken to relieve her solltude. Itut these found her extremely unapproachable. Those whom she would have welcomed most gladly had

Mature perception, quickened by a glinipse of a different ideal of life, had seen beyond the false setting of ro- ligibly. mance behind which men seek to hide the ugliness of the greedy, unscrupu- done?" lous scramble for gold. She would have in their places, then began fumbling intensified superaction when Murchell fact that the acid of his calling was of his rascally politicians are in as sald gravely: "teremy, you'd better go etching more and more clearly upon deep as Itlake and I" his frank, clean exterior a picture of what lay within. As It was, she had sent him away.

She was waiting for her father's homecoming. While she waited she glanced through the evening paper. In It the day's doings on the stock ex. let me alone." change were featured. The account had it that Hampden had been hard by the window for a long time, thinkhit-even vaguely hinted that he might have to full. She was amuzed at the lack of emotion with which she read that their fortune, hitherto so potent and all sufficing, had in a day been sadly shaken if not totally destroyed. She Irled to picture to herself what lil must mean to them-the economies, the privations even, the loss of caste among a set that measured worth by stocks not profoundly alarm, partly perhaps because she knew too little of want to draw convincingly. She could not even feel deeply for her father, although she had for him a genuine daughter's affection and knew what a blow failure would be to him.

"Poor father?" she smiled half pity ingly. "I suppose nothing can persuade him that it isn't a horrible calamity. I ought to feel so, too, but- Helgho Is this Kntherine Hampien?"

She went on turning the pages of the paper nutil her casual glunce was caught by a familiar name in a satirienl editorial under the caption "A Fool Errant." The fool errant was John Dunmeade, recently-and happily, in the editor's apinion-disposed of at the primuries.

Her color deepened suddenly and for another reason. Memory and recalled to her something she had once said to this man. "When you were a broken down, middle aged failure. . . . i should be looking up at the men who were compaering. . . . And i should reared."

Well, her prophecy had been fulfilled sooner than she had expected. He had been cust aside even by his own neighbors. But there was something jurge and the about him which forbade pity and commanded respect, made even such men as Gregg, with their vitlated ideals, want to do him favors "on gen erat principles."

"To think that I could have said that to him?" she cried to herseif. "What a cad I was! If only I hadn't said 'Up at the men who were conquering! John Duumeade, you tower above them

She was alli dreaming of John wher her father came in.

tills face was haggard, set in an ugly. bitter scowl. The sympathy that bad lagged as she read of the wiping out of a fortune leaped when she asw the

man who had lost it "T'leaned out." he said curily.

She went to him quickly, laying an impulsive hand on his shoulder, "Oh, well, dear, never mind 11 might be so much worse. You might have been taken sick or had an accident, or-or mything, I've just been thinking how nice it would be to go back home to New Chelsen and start all over again in in something that wouldn't lake all your time. I-I'd be so gind to get acqualited with you again." She gave a little laugh.

"You talk like a food!" he reidled roughly, "What could I do in that rube town ran a grovery store? Here's where I can make money. And I can unke all we need, once I get things straightened out I've been broke before. The immediate question is to keep out of iall."

She started back from him with a gasp. "Dut-of-juil! Father?"

"that of fall, I said I'm 'lato' the New Chelsea bank and I've nothing left to pay with." "ls-is It much?"

"It wnsn't, but it is now "

"Ifut we must pay it back. There are the bonds you gave me. And the Nev Chelsea houses that mother owns - ahe'

give those up And"-"Not a third enough " She dropped weakly into a chair, star-

ing at him foolishly. She was very pale, dazed by the sudden new calnmity that had fallen. "Itut surely," she insisted auxiously,

"the bank won't press you. They know you'll pay it all back when you can."

"What do you know about 117 It lan't the bank; it's the government that will make the trouble. That fool Itiake Is in worse than I am The bank's gutted, cleaned out. And the bank examluer is overdue. If he comes around new"- With a gesture he sketched the impending catastrophe.

"Stephen, what is the matter now?" came a languid voice from the doorway. "And please, for my sake, lower your voice. It's so vulenr to talk loud ly before servants" Mrs. Hamplen entered and, with an air of utter exhaustion, deposited her aubstantial self in an easy chair.

"Father," Katherine explained, with

ernel brevity, "has lost his money."

It was an unexpected tonic. The invalid suddenly sat bolt upright and almost shricked. "Lost our money? Do you mean to say, Stephen Hampden. that you've been selfish enough to gamble our money away after all I've suffered and denied myself"-

She threw her hands aloft and fell back moaning "Oh, in my weak con-

"Maria, you're a fraud. Even with your laziness and indulgences you're the pleture of vulgar health."

Mrs. Hampden rose. She managed ienat ilmo for daillance in drawing a stagger that would have done credit to Rernhardt, clutching at tables and The truth was, she was disappointed. chairs for the doubtfully necessary support out of the room.

Hampien growled again, unintel-

"Father, tan't there something to be

"Murchell, I've an appointment with married tiregg had it not been for the him in New Chelsea tomorrow. Some

"He can. And he's got to."

"Do you mind if I go up with you tomorrow?" "All right. And I wish," he exclaim-

ed querulously, "you'd go away and In her durkened room Katherine sat



She Started Back From Him With a Gasp.

ing with a feeling of sickening disgust on the sordid scene between her parents just enacted. This was the other alde, the unlovely other aide, of that splendld life of conquest for which she had put the best of all aside. Thus it made victims of its volaries. She

thought of John. (Continued next week.)

There is siways a best way of dojug everything, if it be to boll an egg. Manners are the happy ways of doing things; each one a stroke of genlus or of love, now repeated and hardened into usage,-Emerson.

HOME COURSE IN SCIENTIFIC **AGRICULTURE**

THIRTEENTH ARTICLE. SOIL RENOVATION.

By W. J. SPILLMAN, Agriculturist in Charge of Farm Management Invesligations, United States Department of Agriculture.

SIERE is s vast difference in the natural fertility of soils. Somo do not produce well from the start unless special attention in given to making them productive, others produce large crops for a short time and then rapidly diminish in fertility, while others, known as strong solin, remain productive for many years without attention to their fertility. But even the strongest soils will wear out in time unless they are stelligently managed.

Plants in their growth make use of hirteen chemical elements, nine of which they seeme directly from the These are called the minerat plant foods. They are phosphorus, potseshim, calchim, magneshim, sodium, iron, allicon, chlorine and ambhur,

The growing plant requires four other elements, as follows: Hydrogen, which it secures from water; oxygen, which it secures partly from water and partly from the nir; carbon, which is secured from corbonic sold gas in the nir, and nitrogen

Nitrogen is in many respects the most important of all the plant food elements. It is not found in appreciable quantities in the rock pufticles of the soil. Ordinary plants depend for their nitrogen entirely on decaying orgenic matter. As decay proceeds al-



Photo by Delaware agricultural experi-

THE SOY BEAN, A GOOD SOIL BUILDER.

trates are formed from the nitrogen greatly to the evil effects that result contained in organic matter. The nitrates are exceedingly soluble, and un- of the country the land is plowed only made use of hy growing crops they are washed out of the soil. cases work done in subsoiling is prac-Nitrogen is therefore usually the first tically wasted, and it is doubtful if it element to become exhausted.

Fortunitely there are certain species of bacteria that can use ntinospheric, a depth of eight or ten inches is reachultrogen, of which there is an lncxhaustible supply. One family of plants, the legumes, has learned to exchange work with these bacteria, and these plants are thus easily supplied lain undisturbed for several years is with an abundance of nitrogen in a broken up it is niways best to plow form they can use. When these nitrogen fixing bucterla are present lu a aoil on which a leguminous crop is growing the bacteria invade the roots of the legume and live there. Their presence is usually made manifest by full plowing should be from seven to wellings-the so called tubercles-on the roots of thrifty plants of clover, from tive to seven inches deep. There falfs, beans, peas and other legumes, The tiesues of leguminous plants become very rich in nitrogenous compounds, and when they deeny in the soil they set free large amounts of nitrates for the uso of crops.

The cultivation of leguminous crops is one of the most important and econoutical menus of maintaining a sup- to great depths, so that there is no danply of nitrogenous plant food in the soll. Nitrates may of course be supplied in commercial fertilizers, but fertilizers containing nitrogen are very expensive, and it usually pays better to supply nitrogen by growing legumes or by the application of stable manutre. bed. Other crops, such as wheat and which is rich in nitrogen when properly handled. In good farm practice both stable manure and legundhous crops are used as sources of nitrogen.

in order to produce a ton of dry hay on an acre of loud it is necessary that the growing grass pump up from that again before seeding. acro approximately 500 tons of water. The soil must not only be in condition to absorb and hold water well, but it different with clay solls. The effect must be porous enough to permit water to now freely from soil grain to soil grain. The presence of large quautities of decaying organic matter (humun) adds enormously to the water holding capacity of the soil. Not only where rubbed by the moldboard nor thut, but the shrinkuge of the particles

keep the soll open and porous. Furthermore, butturs of good quality is exceedingly rich in both nitrogen and unineral plant food. The maintenance of fertility may almost be said to consist in keeping the soil well supplied with bumus. The first step in late full plowing the clods are no disrenovating wormout solis is to give tdvantago, for they will be broken up them an shindant supply of humus of by freezing and thawing. good quality. Ferhaps the best source

of humas is siable manure containing both the liquid and the solid excrement, especially when the stock is fed on rich nitrogenous foods. Even a poor quality of harnyard manura which has had much of the plant food leached out of it has a considerable value because of the humus it makes.

Another cheap and valuable source of bumns, but one which must be used understandingly, is crops grown to turn under as manure. The legumes are especially valuable for this purpose because of the nitrogen they contain, but other crops, such as rye and even corn nown thick, may somelimes used are called green manures.

A proper circulation of air in the soil is just na important as any other factor of pinnt growth. Nearly haif of the volume of ordinary soils is occupied hy air spaces. Plant roots must be supplied with nir, and the soil must be porons enough to permit of free circulation. A good supply of human and ten days. This is not always a good vator, Get you a 5 shovel cultivator. proper tillage will accomplish this reault in clay solls. Sandy solls are naually too porons, needing humus to help them retain water.

Another reason why air must circuinto freely in the soil is that inrge quantitles of oxygen are required to insure proper decay of organic matter to anpply plant food. Also carbonic acid gas is produced by the decay of organic matter, and this nmst escape easily to make room for the atmospheric oxygen needed in the soll. Oue of the most important objects of plowing is to loosen up the soll for acration.

Considerable evidence has been accumulated during recent years to show that during the growth of the plant certain nuknown organic substances are given off which, when they accumulate in the soil to nov extent, are harmful to the further growth of plants of the klud that produced them. It is possible that some of the benefits known to arise from systemstic crop rotation may be explained on this baals. There harmful substances seem to be disposed of rapidly by certain soils, usually those in which organic matter is readily converted into humus,

in connection with the study of these poisonous organic products it has been found that they may be destroyed or st least rendered harmless in a variety of ways. Barnyard manure or decaying organic matter, such as a green crop of tye or cowpens, turned under soil from them Almost all of the comnion commercial fertilizing materials net more or less in the sume way. Thorough and complete siring of the soll by plowing and thorough surface throws off seem to have time to disapliet or sorghum. pear before the same crop is grown sgain; hence the benefit from crop rotation. When the soil is well supplied with hungs there is seldom sny trouble from this source, and the same crop may be grown year after year with good yields, though continuous cultivation of the some crop may invite tajury from certain insects and fungous diseases which live over in the soil or in the remains of the crop.

Improper methods of tillage add very from lack of immus. In many parts three or four luches deep. In most ever pays. A much better method is to plow a little deeper each year until ed. This gives a deep layer of good soil, particularly if the supply of humus la kept up.

When new soil or that which has deep from the beginning, for the deeper layers will be about as fertile as any, except the top luch or two. It is wise, too, never to plow the same depth twice in succession. In general, nine or ten inches and apring plowing are special cases in which these rules

do not apply. We plow the soil in order to loonen up its texture and get air into it; also to turn under stubble, manure, etc., to make humas. Killing weeds to another object accomplished by plowing. After n soil has been thoroughly pulverized ger of turning up packed clay, the deeper the plowing the better the crops. Hut the cost also increases with depth, so that ordinarily it does not puy to plow more than about ten inches deep.

Some crops prefer rather a loose seed aifaifa, prefer n fairly compact seed bed; hence frequent harrowing and rolling after plowing is good practice before seeding to these crops. Nevertheless it pays to plow the land for them, even if we have to compact it

Sandy soils are usually not injured by handling when wet, but the cuse is produced by working clay soils wet is known as puddling. The proper time to plow land is when it is just moist enough to break up mellow, neither wet enough to leave a slick surface dry enough to break up in large clods. of decaying organic matter and the if continued rain follows wet plowing consequent loosening of soil grains little barm follows, but bot, dry winds little barm follows, but bot, dry wluds would soon leave only a mass of unmanageable clode. In spring and midsummer plowing particularly it is of the utruost importance to run the harrow immediately after the plow. This prevents the formation of clods. lif

INTENSIVE FARMING

Conducted by FRANK S. MONTGOMERY, M.S., Instructor in Animal Hushandry, and Special Investigator.

How To Make Corn Grow In Dry Weather

Did you break your ground good | find a man proud to stoop down and smoothed it down with a line roots from the plow shovels. They row or drag the same day it was have found out that it is just like broken you should have no trouble trying to fatten hogs by cutting to keep the corn growing right along them down to haif feed two or three be made to supply large quantities of in weather even much dryer than days out of every week. That is just himius of fair quality. Crops thus we have had this spring and sum- what a man does to his corn if he | wo have had this apring and sum- | what a man does to his corn if he in the soil is to have it plowed deep and well pulverized but not too loose, THE FIVE SHOVEL CULTIVATOR and then keep a dust mulch on the surface by shallow cultivation.

Some people have a rule to plow through, if your noil is of n tight, the double shovel. wet nature it may be necessary to the soil than it should be, turn be relics on most farms. moist soil up to the air to dry out | If you use two-horse cultivators once in a while any more that I tour on a side.

and deep this spring? if you did and pull great handfulls of corn mer. The secret of holding moisture lireaks off half the roots of the corn every week or ten days.

Men say they can't keep the plows from running deep. Of course you can't if you have a double shovel their corn every seven days or every or old style 4 shovel two-horse cultirule. A much better one is to plow All dealers keep them now. They the corn whonever it useds it. That cost \$3.25. The width they will cut may be twice in the same week, or can be adjusted by a lever, so that it may be only once in two weeks, it any width rows up to 3 1-2 feet cnn is always a good rule to cultivate af- be cultivated by going but ouce in ter every rain that forms a slight a row. You go twice in a row with a crust on the ground. A shallow stir- double shovel and you only cut the ring will break the crust and by night ground with four shovels. So you form a dust on the surface that see that once u the row with the practically no moisture will escape five shovel plow is one better than

One man and one horse will do as go rather deep one or two cultivn- much work and do it better with a tiona, but after this is broken up live shovel cultivator than two meu mellow the later cultivatious should and two mules can do with double never be more than two or three bhovels. It is very easy to figure luchea deep, for on most soils a dust out which is the tool to have. Bemulch surface will keep the lower rea dealers have sold more than twice portion of the soil from packing, as many 5 shovel as double shovel whereas deep cultivations muke the cultivators this season. And after ground too loose much deeper in:9 this season double shovel plows will

rapidly, and break and tear out jurge throw away your four shovel plow quantities of corn root. It is only parts and get them with three or

Cowpeas With Millet or Sorghum

poor-will cowpeas for hay. A num- used to make bay and then sow ber of farmers around Berea have broadcast about three pecks of cowalready taken my ndvice and sowed and drag or roll. Or, better still, if you has a very morked effect in freeling the cowpeas with millet or sorghine, have or can rent a grain drill, drill Everyone now knows that cowpeas the peas in, then cross drill the sorare an excellent feed especially for ghum in. Millet seed will probably the milk cows and joung cattle, and not work in any of the drills withthat they draw a large amount of out grass seeder attachments. Don't tilinge will often destroy or overcome nitrogen from the air to help muin- cover the seed more than three inthese polsonous substances. When the tain the fertility of the soil. These ches deep unless the soil is of a loose, name crop is not grown oftener than tacts along with their rapid growth dry nature. The ground should be every three or four years on the same in hot dry weather make them value drug or rolled after drilling. Good land the injurious substances a crop able to now as a unixture with unit- mixed feitilizer, or high grade acid

amount of millet seed, and about halt acre.

HEALTH HINT FOR TODAY.

A Ramsdy For Boils.

be washed with sosp and wuter,

dried, and a drop of the follow-

ing solution should be pinced on

the center of the boil: lodine,

one dram; acetone, three drams.

Let stand a week before using.

The mixture becomes binckish

and simpy and no longer trri-

tnting. Later, if the boll does

not recede, a dressing of glycol-

nte of starch and borle neld

11-101, on absorbent wool, should

be applied

The region around a boil should

it is not yet too late to sow whip- | the usual amount of sorghum seed

phosphate should be used at the Sow about two-thirds the usual rate of from 200 to 200 pounds per

at Philadelphia, Mo.

ers and other interested persons at a demonstration at Philadelphia, Mo., recently, E. W. Sheets, highway engineer of Marlon county, was in charge of the proposition. A number of Hnnnihal good road enthusinsts and mempers of the county courts of Rails, Shelby and Marion countles attended.

Surely uobody cau always know what is right? Yes, you always can for today; and If you do what you see of it today, you will see more of it, and more clearly tomorrow.-Rus-

TEACH ROAD BUILDING.

Successful Demonstration For Farmers

fload building was taught to furiu-



"Studebaker wagons certainly last a long time"

"I have had this wagon twenty-two years, and during that time it cost me only \$6.00 for repairs, and that was for setting two tires."

And after twenty-two years of daily use in good and bad weather and over all kinds of roads, I will put this wagon against any new wagon of another make that you can buy today.'

Studebaker wagons are built of air-dried lumber and tested iron and steel. Even the paint and varnish are subjected to a laboratory test to insure wearing qualities.

"No wagon made is subjected to as many tests or is more carefully made than a Studebaker. You can buy them of Stude-baker dealers everywhere." "Don't listen to the dealer who wants to sell you a cheap agon, represented to be 'just as good' as a Studebakar."

Farm wagona, trucks, dump wagons and carta, delivery wagons, buggies, surreys, depot wagons—and harness of all kinds of the same high standard as the Studebaker vehicles.

See our Dealer or write to.

STUDEBAKER South Bend, Ind. NEW YORK CHICAGO DALLAS KANSAS CITY DENVER MINNEAPOLIS SALT LAKE CITY SAN FRANCISCO PORTLAND, ORE.

ROOST CLOSET FOR POULTRY

Considerable Strees Laid on Curtain In Front of House at Maine Experiment Station.

In the curtain-front type of poultry house used at the Maine experiment station a feature of the original plan on which considerable stress was laid was the canvas curtain in front of the rooms

This curtain, together with the back wail of the house and the dropplaga board under the roosts, formed a closet in which the hirds were shut up at night during cold weather. When the curtain-front house was first devised it was thought essential to provide auch a clonet to conserve the body heat of the hirds during the cold nights when the temperature might go well below zero. Experience has shown, however, that this was a mistake. Actual test shown that the roosting closet is of no advantage, even in such a severe cilmate as that of Orono. On the contrary, the hirds certainly thrive hetwith it. It has been a general observation among users of the curtain front type of house that when the roost curtainn are used the hirds are particularly nusceptible to colds. It la not hard to understand why this should he so. The air in a roosting closet when it is opened in the morning is pininly bad. The fact that it is warm in no way offsets physiologically the evils of its lack of oxygen and excess of carbon diexhalations from the bodies of the birds.

For some time past it has been felt that the roosting closet was at least unnecessary, if not in fact a positive evil. Consequently the time of beginning to close the roost curtain in the fall has been each year longer delayed. Finally, in the full of 1910, it was decided not to use these curtains at all during the winter. Consequently they were taken out of the house, or spiked to the roof, as the case might he. The winter of 1910-11 was a severe one. On several occasions the temperature dropped to 30 degrees below zero. Yet during this winter the mortality was exceptionally low and the egg production exceptlonally high.

In view of this experience the station has decided to discontinue the use of the roost curtain. It would seem to be generally undesirable or at least unnecessary.

FOR SHIPPING EGGS SAFELY

Holdar Mada of Corrugated Strawhoard is Provided With Small Hole at Each End.

Thin egg holder is made from corrugated strawboard, the egg heing inserted hy opening an overlapping joint at the side. The container is provided with a small hole at each end so that



Safety Egg Holder.

It may be opened and closed without tearing it, says the Popular Mechanles. The holder in adapted for sending eggs safely by parcel post, or carrying them with the least possibillty of breakage.



Eggs shipped by express are often queered by haggage amashers.

The well-fed and well-cared-for fowl is the one that brings the profit. whip her chicks it's time to wenn them

Fall chickens find a good market as roastera during January, February and March.

The poultry industry is growing beyond the hopes of its most radical friends. Egg shella may be utilized a second

time if crushed and turned over to the chickens. The brooder has not, as yet, reached the stage of perfection that the incuhator has.

Lack of moisture in the incubator means tough shells and dead chicks at hatching time.

To successfully use eggs in the artificial hatches one must, if possible, secure eggs of the highest vitality. An egg laid in November and De-

cember will bring twice as much money as the one laid in March or April. While heavy laying is as a rule

desirable, phenomenal egg records are not a guarantee of strong, rugged offspring.



CURE FOR INDUSTRIAL EVILS

When Time and Labor Unnecessarily Consumad in Transporting Products There is Big Wasts.

If the public could be convinced that it is economy to begin with fundamentals the problem of progress in every line of social endenvor would be solved.

At present the sola remedy for many industrial evila lies in the betterment of roads.

Manifestly, when time is unnecessarily consumed and labor wasted in transportation of products to market there is a fundamental waste. One instance will serve as an illustration. ter without the roost curtain than A mnn loaded his wagon early one morning with a bnie of cotton and a few hags of the loose product. He lived twenty-two miles from town. The ronds in that section are better than the average, but it took him until nightfail to reach the selling point. lie and his half-grown son, who accompanied him, spent the night in town, paying the expense of lodging. meals and keep for the team. The second dny was spent in negotiations for the sale of the cotton and the puroxid, ammoniacal vapors, and other chasing of a few necessaries. They arrived on the third day late in the afternoon, having lost practically three days.

That farm was mortgaged. Everything made from year to year was paid out in interent and for a poor living for the family. There was not a dollar for improved labor-saving mu-



A Good Road in Ohio.

chinery, for additional fencing, or, in: fact, nnything that would enhance the value of the place.

If this farmer had raised small marketable crops-which he didn't-hecould not afford the time or give up the use of his team to take them to toes, cotton and corn were the sole products raised.

If his pince had been mortgaged. for the hullding of a pike or trolley line connecting him with a market there would be hope of paying out. As conditions are, he gets poorer and more hopeless every year.

GOVERNOR SULZER ON ROADS

in Racent Massage to Naw York Lagislature He Laid Down Law in No Uncertain Tarms.

Governor Sulzer of New York is a rond booster of the right type. In his receut message to the New York legisinture he "laid down the law" to the legislators in no uncertain terms, pointed out defects in New York's roud laws and pronounced the doom of the spoilsmen who had been fattening on the people's money, says the Southern Good Ronds. In his message he paid this great tribute to good ronds:

"We know that good roads, like good streets, make habitation along them most desirable; they enhance the value of farm lands, fucilitate transportation, and add untold wealth to the producern and cousumers of the country; they economize time, give When the old hen heginn to lay and lahor n lift and make millions in money; they save wear and tear and worry and waste; they heautify the country and hring it in touch with the city; they nid the social and religious and educational and industrial progress of the people; they make hetter homes and happier firesides; they are the avenue of trade and the ngencies of speedy communication; they menn the economical transportation of marketable products—the maximum hurden at the minimum cost; they are the ligaments that hind the country together in thrift and industry and intelligence and patriotism; they promote social intercourse, prevent intellectual stagnation and increase the happiness and prosperity of our producing masses; They contribute to the greatness of the city and the glory of the country; give employment to our idle workmen, distribute the necessaries of life—the products of the fields and the forest and the factories-encourage energy and husbandry, inculcate love for our scenic wonders, and make manklud better and happier."

East Kentucky Correspondence News You Get Nowhere Else

An oorrespondence published unless signed in fult by the wester. The rome is not for publication, but so as swidence of good faith. Write plainly.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

For Representative

We are authorized to announce i). O. Wood of Jackson County as a candidate for Representative of the 7ist Legislative District, comprising the Countles of Clay, Jackson and Owsley, subject to the action of the Republican l'rimary, Aug. 2nd, 1913.

For Representative

We are authorized to announce W. candidate for Representative from the his dweiling newly pninted. Counties of Jackson, Owsiey and Clay before the Republican voters at the August Primary 1913. Your votes are respectfully soilcited.

For Representative

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of II. Clay Baldwia of Datha, Jackson County, Ky., for Representative of the 71st Legislative District, composed of Clay, Jackson and Owsley Counties, subject to the action of all voters at the Ropublican Primary to be held Aug. 2nd, 1913.

For Superintendent of Schools of Jackson County

I am a candidate for Superintendent of Schools of Jackson County, subject been sick for the past few days. -to the action of the Republican vo- Miss Dora Ford is in poor health ters at the State Primary, Aug. 2nd, at present.—Mrs. Thos. Flinchum of 1913. Your support is earnestly solicted and will he duly appreciated.

Respectfully, H. F. Minter.

For Assessor of Jackson County

We are nuthorized to announce James Hamllton of Tyner as a candidate for Assessor of Jackson County, subject to the action of the Repubilcnn Party at the coming primary to be held on the 2nd day of August

JACKSON COUNTY MeKEE

McKee, June 22 .- A teachers' cxapplicants.

Susan Jane Shepherd was tried here today on a peace warrant. Harve Bowies while ploughing last

week was kicked in the ribe by the plow and several were broken.

Mr. Isaac Messler, Saturday night. Stanley Engle went to Berea, Sunday, after his sister, Grace.

Sheriff L. C. Little was In Madison County a few days last week on business.

Leonard Rader and Leonard Goodman were in town, Saturday.

Frank Holiandsworth, while looking at a 38 caliber revolver last Thursday, accidentally discharged it. The huliet prased thru his icg in two places, his leg being bent at the time. It is a very severe wound, hut not dangerous.

Miss Fairy Reynolds gave a party to a large number of her young friends Friday night. It was enjoyed by 'all present.

DRIP ROCK

this place attended court at McKee, Monday.-Cart Webh went hunting a few days ago and killed a large coou,-Boru to Mr. and Mrs. Georg McQueen, a girl. Her name is Georgia.-John ii. Webb, of this place is cunvassing for assessor .- Sam Ciarkston has sold out and is going to move to Ohio,-Mrs. Nannie Parsons is sick. - There was preaching at Jas. H. Webb's, Saturday night, by present.-Dled, the 19th inst., Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Moore's bahy.—C. C. duys ago for \$2.25 per head .-- Mrs, El-Itlchardson, Thursday.

GRAYBAWK

Gray ilawk, June 23.-One of the section this wook with plenty of huil. -The itev, John Mason filled his appointment at Gray Hawk and preached two good sermons.-The liev. Louis Sandiin and the Rev. William Anderson will preach at the M. E. 24th-Mrs. Lousia Tiucher is planning to visit among her children for a while,

NATHANTON

Nathanton, June 21.-We had a good rain, Wednesday, which was very much needed in this vicinity.-Danlel Bishop, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hishop of Ciay County, Miss Anna Powell of Kerhy Knob, and D. G. Wood of this piace spent Friday night at A. it. Holcomb's.-- Hev. Davis of this place attended church at Maulden, Sunday -Ed Cornett of McKee, candidate for Jaijor, was in this vicinity, Wednes-R. Reynolds of Jackson County as a day .- A. H. Holcomb has recently had

PARROT

Parrot, June 19-Born to Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Gabbard, June 17th, a fine boy, named Aivin.-Richard Price left, Sunday, for Hamilton, Ohio. -John Couches had a wool picking, Saturday night. A good iot of wool was picked.-Born to Mr. and Mrs. John Cailahan, Juno 16th, a giri. --The Misses Minnie and Luin Me-Cowan of Mershons, Laurel County, were visiting at the home of Adam Price, Saturday night. - Good Ahner returned, Monday, from Hamilton, O.-Born to Mr. and Mrs. Robt. McDowell, the other day, a bahy.-The infant of A. II. Gabbard has Moores Creek was visiting relatives of this place one night this week .-The fourth Saturday and Sunday in this month are regular church days at the new church house, conducted by Rev. Cornelius.-Dr. King of Annvlite made a professional call at this place last week,-Mr. and Mrs. Jesse McCowan of Laurei County were visiting relatives at this place, Saturdny and Sunday.-Mrs. Nora Cole and sister, Miss Lucy Price, are in McKee for a few days, where Mrs. Cole will take the County examination.

TYNER

Tyner, June 20.-Farmers are about aminntlon was held here last Friday up with their plowing.-Wim. iluilock and Saturday. There were sixteen has gone to Ohio to work for a white.-Hugh Cuiton and a Mr. Itallard of Richmond, have been visitlng at W. K. Jones for a few days. -Wm. Dunigan made a fiying trip to Richmond last Friday.-Geo. Miller 1 st n good three year old horse Everett Morris white riding on a last week with something like dissee-saw, Sunday, got his leg broken temper,-lim Morgan's dog went mad by getting it caught against a leg. and it was necessary to kill him.--It was broken just above the ankie. Mrs. Charlotte Iteynoids and family Rev. Lunsford preached in the Chric- were visiting in McWhortertown inst tian church, Saturday uight and Sun- Saturday and Sunday.-E. C. Moore and wife were visiting in Viva, Sat-Mr. and Mrs. Roger itali of New urday night .- Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bow-York, were the guests of Mr. and les and Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Jones, Mrs. isaac Messler a few days jast was visiting in Irvine, the latter part of last week.-For the amusement of Mr. J. C. Russell and son, Ed, were a plenic party, last Sunday, Arthur in town from Friday till Monda). Smith leaped from a cliff into a pool of water, a height of 75 feet without receiving any injuries. -Misa Lula Moore has gone to Paris to make her home with her cousin, ent, - Miss Jescle Smith and Miss very badiy.-Rev. isaac Gabbard and Mrs. Gabrille Bagby.-Rt. B. Reynolds went to East Lernstadt this week after a new reater.

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY

CLIMAX

Climax, June 20.-Mrs. Sarah Spooaeymore dropped dead ou the 12th of heart failure. She leaves a husband and four children to mourn her lest. -Uncle Elijah Abney is very poorty. lie ls about 92 years old.—Jas. Sexton family. One of the cases, the doctor things doubtful of recovery, Dr. Lewis Mr. and Mrs. J. Biair near Boone, is the attending physican.—C. M. Isanes and his brother, Tomey, of Hamilton, O., are now visiting friends Drlp Rock, June 20.—Several from In this County.—Aunt Cat Chasteen of Johnetta died on the 15th. She is cutting oats very short in this was a good eld lady and loved by nil several children and a host of grandchlidren and other friends to mourn her loss.

GAULEY.

Gauley, June 19.-Crops are needing rain.-W, E. Buljock is very jow with typhoid fever. - John Keiley's children are sick with measlen. -Rev. F. M. Cox. A large crowd was Mrs. Francis McDaniel of East Hernstadt visited her father, J. C. Buliock, Saturdny night.-itev. 11. ... Carrol hought 7 head of pigs a few Ponder filled his regular uppointment seems to have pretty good success. at New Bethel, Saturday night and in Cole visited Mr. and Mrs. Mich il Sunday,-Mr. and Mrs. Will Mobiny were in Livingston, Saturday.-A iittle child of Mr. and Mrs. Ed itobin. Andy Venahie to Miss Mary ilarvey son fell off a horse, Sunday, and of Booneville,-Miss Lola Ambrose of urday, July 5th the following proworst storms for years struck this broke his nrm just above the elbow.-George Itobertson is in very place.-John Blake ieft Tuesday for poor health.-Born to the wife of Bert Muilins, a boy .-- Guy, the little today by W. R Reynolds of Tyne . child of Andy Bullock is very sick. Jackson County.-Mrs. C. G. McCol--J. C. Builock had a corn hocing iast Friday.-F. M. Ponder is mak- three little daughters, Mabel, Martha, church the first Saturday at three lng a good many sales now .- J. C. and Emily, pald a recent visit to the o'clock, also Sunday. Everybody la the Bullock is slowly improving.-J. W. home of her mother-in-law, Mrs. vlted. - Aimost all the people of Ponder is sick.- A little infant of Emily McCollum.-The Misses Maude Gray lizwk are planning to attend Mr. and Mrs. Trayner Shepard died and Rose Anderson attended church the Free Mason March at Annville the Friday night.—John Park's child is at Booneville, Sunday.—A new achool very low.-Math Bond and Hardin house is being erected on the left Sama have taken a job of logging nt hand fork of Island Creek near the

Commends D. G. Wood for Representative

Mr. D. G. Wood of Jackson County | at McKee and Barbourville, Ky., and

is a candidate for Representative of was successful in both cases. Mr. the 71st District. Mr. Wood is to be Wood attended the Kentucky Educacongratulated upon the thorough pro- tional Association, which met in 1912, paration which he has secured, under adverse rircumstances, which He believes in the ejevation of the fits him for this position. He was born in Owsiey t'ounty, Kentucky, in obstacle is too great to be overcome. 1883. In 1885 his father moved to Clay County, Ky., where he fived till 1891, when he moved to Jackson County, Although Mr. Wood's parents were not well to do, he overcame this barrier to securing an education hy using overy apportunity for advancement, having received a common school diploma, later a certificate to teach in the public schools, and now holds a position as principal of the graded schools at island t'ity. He passed Civil Service examinations

and hy attending became a member. human race; he contends that no Mr. Wood has observed and studled the legislation of the last gencrai assembiles of this state and district, which have aided in making him a desirable man for the position to which he aspires, i hare known him from childhood, and take pleasuro in commending him to the wise consideration of the voters of

Ciay, Jackson, and Owsjey Counti s

at the coming election. W. S. Peters.

returned home from Coon Hollow,- Miss Myrtle Pendergrass were united stabbed Harry Bowman in the stomof Will Parker died Monday night. HOONE

Boone, June 23.-Mrs. Geo. Wrea who has been quite sick is much better.-R. Cornelison la no better -The Sunday School at this place is planning to have an entertainment some time soon .- Mrs. Carol Martia is improving after a brief iliness. -Huse Levett visited relatives Boone, Snturday and Sunday,-Marion and Wm. Poynter visited home folks here from Saturday till Sunday. -Dr. Botkln of Berea passed through Boone, Sunday. - Hattic Poynter is vis- having some good rains in this seclting home folks near Hoone at pres. tion recently, which were needed

Born to the wife of Orbin Gliem, a 21 in marriage, Tuesday,-F. F. McColpound girl,-Thomas Ponder of Clay Inn made a husiness trip to Rich-County is visiting his father, J. W. mond iast week.-John Itiake, Sr., Ponder this week - Henderson Hoit and little aon, Minter, of Franklin, Ohio, are visiting relatives in this ach, the 16th, Bowman died, Wednes- part. - Grant Shepherd is suffering day the 18th.—Naith Bond lost n from a carbuncle on his back.—Judge fine mule the 17th .- A little child J. T. Brewer and family have been seriously iil with mensles but are improving. - Ed Ray attended Commencement at Borea. - Rev. Edward Gahbard preached to a large crowd at Riverside, Sunday.-Claude Anderson and Miss Jennie J. Eiliott visited at Buckhorn last week and reported a nice time. - Circuit Court conven's Owsiey County, who are interested a at Booneville next week, Itiley Shep- educational development and wish herd, an old soldier, is contemplat- to spend a pleasant und profitable ing attending the Soldiers Rennion day, to come and bring a bastet dinat Gettyshurg, Fenn., next month.

SHUTH FORK

South Fork, June 19,-We have been

PANAMA-PACIFIC INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION,



OOKING toward the hills of Marin county through the entrance of the COKING toward the nills of starts upon the harbor. In the center is seen a great Court of Sun and Stars upon the harbor. In the center is seen a colossal column whose spiral represents man's climb towards fame. At the summit of the column the huge symbolical figure is designed to convey the relatives and friends at Itrodhead, libs and over, 22 2 24c; ducks, 4 libs and over, 22 2 24c; ducks, 4 libs and over, 22 2 2 24c; ducks, 4 libs and over, 22 2 2 2 2 2 c; ducks, 4 libs and over, 22 2 2 2 2 c; ducks, 4 libs and over, 22 2 2 2 2 c; ducks, 4 libs and over, 22 2 2 2 2 c; ducks, 4 libs and over, 22 2 2 2 2 c; ducks, 4 libs and over, 22 2 2 2 2 c; ducks, 4 libs and over, 22 2 2 2 2 c; ducks, 4 libs and over, 22 2 2 2 2 c; ducks, 4 libs and over, 22 2 2 2 c; ducks, 4 libs and over, 22 2 2 2 c; ducks, 4 libs and over, 22 2 2 2 c; ducks, 4 libs and over, 22 2 2 2 c; ducks, 4 libs and over, 22 2 2 2 c; ducks, 4 libs and over, 22 2 2 2 c; ducks, 4 libs and over, 22 2 2 c; ducks, 4 libs and over, 22 2 2 2 c; ducks, 4 libs and over, 22 2 2 2 c; ducks, 4 libs and over, 22 2 2 2 c; ducks, 4 libs and over, 22 2 2 2 c; ducks, 4 libs and over, 22 2 2 2 c; ducks, 4 libs and over, 22 2 2 2 c; ducks, 4 libs and over, 22 2 2 2 c; ducks, 4 libs and over, 22 2 2 2 c; ducks, 4 libs and over, 22 2 2 2 c; ducks, 4 libs and over, 22 2 2 2 c; ducks, 4 libs and over, 22 2 2 2 c; ducks, 4 libs and over, 22 2 2 2 c; ducks, 4 libs and over, 22 2 2 c; ducks, 4 libs and over, 22 2 2 c; ducks, 4 libs and over, 22 2 c; ducks, 4 libs and over, 22 c; ducks, 4 libs and ov colossal column whose spiral represents man's climb towards fame. At the

B. Blair of Clear Creek were visiting Isaac Gabbard. We wish them joy-Sunday.

OWSLEY COUNTY

ISLAND CITY Island City, June 17.-Dry weather part of the County. - Circuit Cou t who knew her. She leaves a husband, begins at Booneville, Monday.-Win. Mays has just purchased a fine plauo for \$350.-G. J. Gentry left today for London on busicess .- Evn Chadwell will teach at Breokside this full. -Minnle Laue will tench at Spivy. -Martha Chadwell will teach the new school near Grant Shepherd on Island Creek.-Fred Peters of Berea is visltling relatives in this nelghborhood at present.-J. D. Chadwell is can-

CONKLING

Conkling, June 20 .- Crops are looking prosperous .- Married, June 15, Berea is visiting her sistera at this Franklin, O .- Speaking at this place lum of Levi accompanied by her Pine Thicket,-it, D. Bullock has home of Wm. Saylor,-Arch Bell and

Sidna Levett were Berea visitors, Rev. Mcintosh Hiled their regular ap-Saturday,-Geo, Lamb and A. D. Lev- pointments at Booneville, Saturday ett made a husiness trip to Beren, and Sunday and haptized Mrs. E. E. Monday.-The Bev. Steele of ileren Campbell.-Jim Campbell and wife of attended the lioliness meeting near liazard have been visiting relatives Boone, Sunday.-Mr. and Mrs. S. here.-John Campbell has been very Wynn of Conway were in Boone, Sun- low, but is improving slowly .- Rev. day.-llenry Gndd recently moved to J. W. Anderson took dinner with 1. the railroad property near isoone. - R. Gilbert, Monday, on his return Mr. and Mrs. Dave thant of Berea from Liberty -Andy Vennble of Needvisited Mrs. Giant's mother uear more and Miss Mary Harvey of Boon . Two Boys Meet Death When Small has three cases of measles in h's Snider ou Sunday .- Mr. and Mrs. A. ville were married, Sunday, by ite .. Chas, Seale parmed thru South Fork today., - Mrs. W. T. Glibert is exof Llvlngston, June 21st .- Felix and visit to Ciay County, Suturday. -Circuit Court convenea at Booneville, Monday, the 23rd.-Mrs. G. H. Wlison of Boonevilie is slowly lunproving. --Miss Moilie Glibert will visit her sister, Mrs. 11. C. Combs, of Booneville next week. — lierbert Marshaii

STURGERN.

Hig Day At Sturgeon. The Royal Oak Literary Society, which has been meeting at Itoyal Oak vassing this part for The Citizen. He for over two years, will, in order 19 reach those who are unable to attend the regular programs, to encour age Literary work and to gire an educational inspiration to the community, give, at Hoyal Oak, on Sat-

9 o'eloek. Devoticual-Itev. Albert Bowman.

ltccltation-Edgar Sexton. Our Liberty Heil-Mary Welch, National Development. - Edward

Cook. Our fiurai l'robieus-Juo. D. Chadwell.

Music-Kate Wilson, Grace Wilson. Sanitation-Dr. J. A. Mahaffey. Country Sunday School.-Eva Chadwell.

Amorican Ideals-Robert L. Hughes. Oration-isanc A. Bowles.

al Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

The only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

Makes delicious home-baked foods of maximum quality at minimum cost. Makes home baking pleasant and profitable

Chaik Taik-liebt. Similwood. Noon.

1:30 a'cleek.

Value of Time-Jno. II, Chadwell igeading-it, ring Scale. The Vaine of Man-Edward Cook,

Soil Preparation-J. H. Spence. Honor to Men of "6-Herman Mahaffey. Closing Address-Grant Frye.

These exercises will last thrubut the day. We invite the people of

Edward Cook, President. Ida Marcum, Secretary

LAUREL COUNTY PITTSBURG

Pittsburg, - June 23.-Mrs. Educ Evans is very 19w with appendicltis.-Florence Rader is still very low. -Br. Lock was in Pittsturg, Tuesday, examining for hookworm, t was found that several were affect d. Some were hise found to have tape worm.-There was prayer meeting at East Pittsburg, Saturday ngibt. - A learful rain and hall storm swept thru here jast Wednesday, doing considerable damage to crops and gardens. -Miss Lucy Morea visited home folks. near Atlanta, Saturday and Sunday .diana, where she has been visiting a few days.—Miss Susie Byley has been on the sick fist for a few days but is out again.

CLAY COUNTY

63666, yenow car 63666.
Flay—No. 1 timothy \$15615.50, slandard timothy \$14614.50, No. 2 timothy \$13613.50, No. 3 timothy \$10.50 from \$11, No. 1 clover mixed \$13, No. 2 clover mixed \$13, No. 1 clover \$10

Vine, June 11—The farmers are very husy plowing and hoeing corn.

—Miss Kntie Ma5pin is very sick at this writing. — The speaking at the Pailing Timber school, Thursday night was interesting to all present, and large Pawiting with the second process. And the second process of the secon Vine, June 11-The farmers are Judge Rawlings was the speaker .-Mrs. Browning it slowly improving. -Miss Lottie Mnupiu, who has been spending the inst few months with home of the bride, last Tuesday evening, Mr. Henry Smith and Miss Nethome in Cincinnati, O. - Sunday School is still progressing nicely at this place and also singing, which is every Sunday.-Mrs. Robert Hurley s reported on the sick list this week, -ileary Clay of Sexton Creek visited friends at this place last Sunday

WITH HANDS CLASPED

Boat Went Over Nisgara

Niagara Fails, N. Y .- Donaid itos coe, 10 years old, and liubert Moore, pecting her sister, Mrs. W. T. Amyx 9 years old, both of Niagara Falis. went to their death in a small boat in Carrie Gilbert are contemplating a the Whirlpool rapids, while hundreds of nien watched helpless from the shore. The boys were playing in a flat-bottom scow half a mile above the rapids when the rope holding the boat broke, and they were carried out into the stream and down the river. The bridgemen did not see the hoat until it was close at hand. Then they eaills no better,-...J. L. Williams has ed fire headquarters, and two conbeen seriously ill, but is some better, panies of firemen were sent to save the lads if possible. Hundreds swarmed to the river banks in a vain effort at rescue. The boys realizing their fate, stood up as the boat neared the edge of the roaring whirlpool and shook hands in farewell.

TRAIN SPLITS SWITCH.

Birmingham, Ala-Engineer Russeli Kayers was killed and his fireman and two trainmen were injured when a St. Louis & San Francisco raliroad wreeking train, which they manned, split a switch near Jasper and went into the ditch. They were returning from Carbon Hill, where they had replaced several derailed freight cars on the track.

CUTS OFF SISTER'S FINGERS.

Evanaville, Ind.—The ten-year-old son and nine-fear-old daughter of Frank Comer were pinying Indian, and decided to cut down small trees with which to build a wigwam. The girl held a tree while the boy wielded the hatchet, and the girl lost three fingers. The children recently aaw a Wild

TEN DIE IN RIVER

FOURTEEN OF A PARTY OF UNI-TED STATES ENGINEERS AND GOVERNMENT EMPLOYES

Drowned Near Madrid, Mo .- Steamer Hurried to Scene-Bodies Havs Been Recovered.

Western Newspaper Union News Service. New Madrid, Mo.-Ten members of party of 14 United States engineers and other government employes were drowned near Madrid, Mo, when the United States survey bost itenver, which the party was aboard, was capsized in a windstorm.

The bodies have been recovered. The boat sank near ilotchkiss Light in Snakey Itend. As soon as a report of the seeldent was received here word was seat to Memphis and the government stenmer Chiska hurrled to the

CINCINNATI MARKETS

Corn-No. 2 white 65@65%c, No. 3 white 6414 (165e, No. 4 white 63(164e, No. 2 yeilow 6414 (165c, No. 3 yellow near Atinnta, Saturday and Sunday.—

64 ft 64 \(\frac{1}{2} \)e, No. 4 yellow 58 ft 63e, No. 2

Miss Eliza McCarty returned from indiana, where she has been visiting a

64e, No. 4 mixed 60 ft 61c, white ear 63

clover mixed \$8@11, No. 1 clover \$10 @11, No. 2 clover \$7@8.50.

Eggs-Vrime firsts 18c, firsts 17c, ordinary firsts 1512c, seconds 13e.

Poultry—Hens, heavy, over 4 hs, 14e; 4 hs and under, 14e; old roosters, 5th; springers, 1 to 1½ h, 25@27e; 2 keys, 8 ibs and over, 16e; young, 16c. Cultie-Shippera \$5.50@8.25, extra \$8.35@ 8.40; hutcher steers, extra light tie Metcaif. They will make their \$7.85 @ 8, good to choice \$7.10@7.75, to fair \$5.25@7; helfers, extra light \$7.65 (; 7.10, good to choice \$7 6 7.50, common to fair \$5 (6.75; cows, extra \$6.25@6.35, good to choice \$5.50 @6.15, common to fair \$4@5.25; canners. \$3.25@4.25.

Bulla-Bologna \$5.50 ft 6.25, extra \$6.3561 6.50; fat bulls \$6.5067 6.75 Calves-Extra \$7.50@9.75, fair to good \$768.25, common and large \$56

Hogs-Selected heavy \$8.60@8.65, good to choice packers and hutchers \$8.00@8.65, mixed packers \$8.50@8.60, stags \$4.50@6.75, common to choice heuvy fat sows \$5.50 (17.65, extra \$7.75

light shippers \$8.60@8.75; pigs, 110 iik and iess, \$5.50@8.60.

Sheep—Extra light \$4.35, good to choice \$3.90@4.25, common to fair \$2.75@3.75, heavy sheep \$3.50@4. Spring Lambs-Extra \$7.25, good to choice \$6.50@7.15, common to fair \$5 @6.25, yearlings \$3.50@5.50, stocewes \$3.50@4.25, extra \$4.35@4.50.

COACHES PLUNGE INTO DITCH.

Rochester, N. Y.-Forty persons were injured when five coaches of na excursion train on the Western New York & Pennsylvania road, from this city to liradford, i'a., left the tracks and rolled down an emhankment near Cuylerville station, 33 miles west of here. Only one of the injured passengera is expected to die. The train carried several hundred passengers. That none was killed outright is considered remarkable by those who went through the wreck.

HEALTH HINT FOR TODAY.

Foul Air Overpowers the sturdlest, Underwrites denth,

Annthitates behith and happiness, is no respecter of persons, Reduces earning power.

Looseus your hold on life,

WHILE-

Pure Air: Uphulida resistance to disease, Reddens blood, quickens steps, Energizes body and mind.

Accentuates the worth of living. insures long life, Routs pneumonia and tuberculosi